

Turbidity Transmitter Trb 8300 F/S

Instruction Manual

METTLER TOLEDO

A graphic element consisting of numerous thin, parallel lines that form a large, stylized arrow pointing towards the bottom right. The lines are more densely packed in the center and become sparser towards the edges, creating a sense of motion and depth.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- Follow all warnings, cautions, and instructions indicated on and supplied with this product.
- Install equipment as specified in this instruction manual. Follow appropriate local and national codes.
- Use only factory documented components for repair. Tampering or unauthorized substitution of parts and procedures can affect the performance and cause unsafe operation of your process.
- Protective covers must be in place unless qualified personnel are performing maintenance.
- If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by it against hazards may be impaired.

WARNINGS:

- Installation of cable connections and servicing of this product require access to shock hazard voltage levels.
- Main power and relay contacts wired to separate power source must be disconnected before servicing.
- Main power must employ a switch or circuit breaker as the disconnecting device for the equipment.
- Electrical installation must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code and/or any other applicable national or local codes.
- Safety and performance require that this instrument be connected and properly grounded through a three-wire power source.
- RELAY CONTROL ACTION: the Trb 8300 F/S instrument relays will always de-energize on loss of power, equivalent to normally open state, regardless of relay state setting for powered operation. Configure any control system using these relays with fail-safe logic accordingly.
- PROCESS UPSETS: Because process and safety conditions may depend on consistent operation of this instrument, provide appropriate means to maintain operation during sensor cleaning, replacement or sensor or instrument calibration.

This instrument complies with the safety standards as outlined on our Ratings.

This manual includes safety information with the following designations and formats:

WARNING: POTENTIAL FOR PERSONAL INJURY

CAUTION: possible instrument damage or malfunction

NOTE: important operating information

Definition of Equipment Symbols



On the instrument indicates: Caution, risk of electric shock



On the instrument indicates: Caution (refer to accompanying documents)



On the instrument indicates: There is alternating current (AC) present.

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CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

AT THE VERY BEGINNING

We thank you for having purchased the METTLER TOLEDO Turbidity Transmitter Trb 8300 F/S.

This manual covers routine operation, service and communication of the Trb 8300 F/S.

The instruction manual must always be stored close at hand, in a place accessible to all persons working with the turbidity Transmitter Trb 8300 F/S.

If you have questions, which are not or insufficiently answered in this instruction manual, please contact your METTLER TOLEDO supplier. They will be glad to assist you.

INTENDED USE

The METTLER TOLEDO Turbidity Transmitter Trb 8300 F/S combined with the sensors InPro8400 and InPro8500 are intended solely for measurements in liquids, as described in this instruction manual. Any other use, or use not mentioned here, that is incompatible with the technical specifications is deemed inappropriate. The operator is solely responsible for any damage arising from such use.

Other prerequisites for appropriate use include:

- Observing the instructions, notes and requirements set out in this instruction manual.
- Observing all local safety regulations concerning safety at work.
- Observing all information and warnings in the documentation dealing with products used together with the transmitter (sensors, housings etc.)
- Observing the prescribed environmental and operational conditions

DESCRIPTION OF UNIT

The Trb 8300 F/S is a transmitter for high accuracy measurement and control. It accepts input from METTLER TOLEDO InPro8400 and InPro8500 sensor series only.

The measuring system can be used for applications in chemical and pharmaceutical industry as well as in the beverage industry, in breweries and other industrial processes.

A METTLER TOLEDO turbidity system consists of:

- **Trb 8300 F/S transmitter** (100...240 VAC or 20...32 VDC power supply)
- one sensor type **InPro8400** or **InPro8500**

The present manual describes the operation of both, 100...240 VAC and 20...32 VDC power supply version. Furthermore it contains information on both sensor types:

- InPro 8400 forward scattered light sensors
- InPro 8500 combined forward/90° scattered light sensors

For detailed information on installation, operation and maintenance of InPro8400/8500 sensors please refer to the sensors manual which is delivered with every sensor. You can also download the manuals from our Website (www.mtpro.com/turbidity).

A system consisting of the Trb 8300 F/S transmitter and an optical InPro8400 or InPro8500 sensor measures:

- **turbidity** from 0...400 FTU (NTU) or 0...100 EBC on a Formazin based scale
- or
- **concentration of suspended (undissolved) solids or oil in water** from 0...1000 ppm or 0...1.0 g/l derived from measurements with suspended diatomaceous earth as reference substance

The transmitter has many user-friendly and safety features which include:

- RS232 interface for download of sensor factory calibration data as well as data transfer of configurations and software updating
- Process and Multipoint Calibration procedures
- three retrievable, independently configurable Parameter Sets with remote access via digital inputs
- full text menu guide in three languages
- online help texts
- menu password protection on two levels
- four 0/4...20 mA outputs galvanically isolated from the measurement circuitry according to NAMUR NE43 guideline
- 2 programmable limit setpoints, 1 alarm relay (SPDT type)
- HOLD input and Wash contact (SPDT type)

Turbidity measurements take advantage of the interaction of light and undissolved particles or emulsified droplets (oil in water).

The light source is placed in the sensor and is powered by the transmitter via the lamp cable. The receiving silicon photodiodes are placed in the sensor as well. The produced photo currents are transmitted to the transmitter via the detector cable. In InPro8400 sensors photodiodes are placed in angles of 0° (direct beam) and 12° (forward scattered beam) of the emitted light beam. In InPro8500 sensors photodiodes are placed in angles of 0°, 12° and 90° (sideward scattered beam) of the emitted light beam. The 0° detector measures the direct light, the 12° and 90° detectors measure the intensity of the scattered light.

METTLER TOLEDO InPro8400 and InPro8500 series turbidity sensors take advantage of the so called ratio measurement. The signals of scattered and direct light detectors will be processed by the transmitter, amplified, divided and shown as turbidity values on the display and mA outputs:

Turbidity = scattered light signal/direct light signal

With increasing turbidity the particles inside the process liquid decrease the intensity of the direct light and increase the intensity of the scattered light. Color of the liquid caused by dissolved substances decreases the intensity of direct and scattered light in the same ratio – as a result the turbidity reading is independent of color changes. Lamp ageing and possible optical window fouling within the sensor are compensated by this ratio also.

Flow-through sensors of the InPro8400 and InPro8500 series are factory calibrated and available in typical industrial line sizes and with standard process connections for pipe mounting (see also InPro8400/8500 Instruction Manual, part number 52 800 883 (English), 52 800 879 (German) and 52 800 884 (French)).

MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEM

A typical measurement system consists of:

- Turbidity process transmitter Trb 8300 F/S
- A sensor InPro8400 or InPro8500
- A final control element such as pump or valve
- Device for recording measured values

CHAPTER 2: INSTALLING THE Trb 8300 F/S

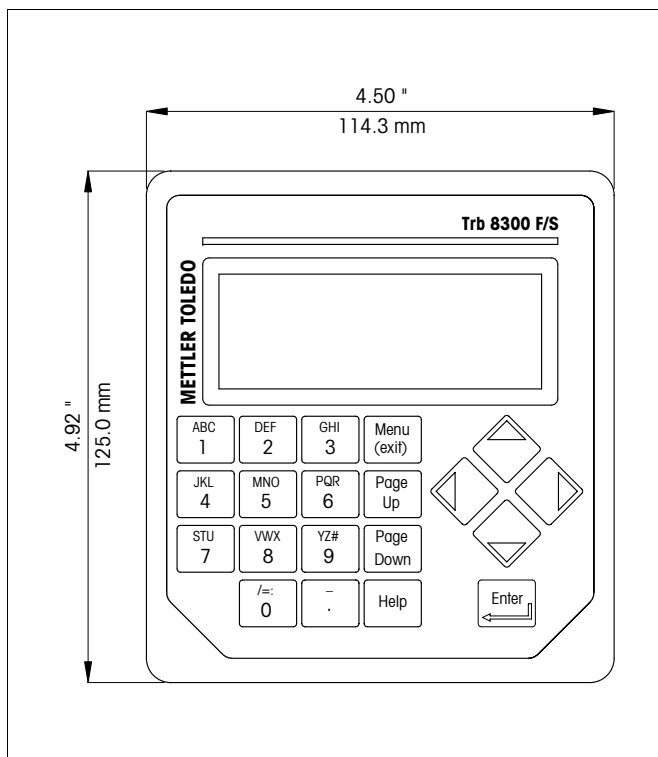
UNPACKING

Carefully unpack the Trb 8300 F/S, the carton should contain:

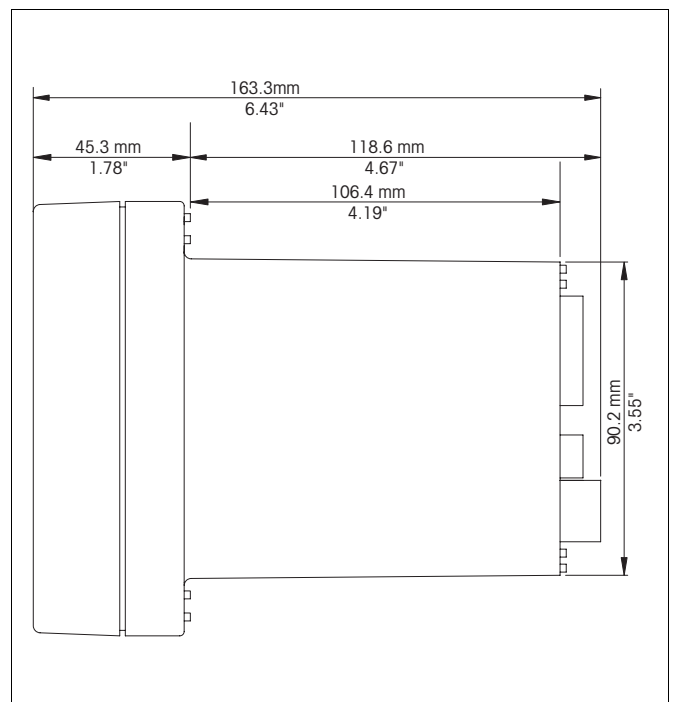
- Trb 8300 F/S instrument
- Trb 8300 F/S Instruction Manuals (English, French and German versions)
- 4 mounting screws
- panel mounting gasket
- Connector blocks for TB2 to TB7 and TB9

INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION

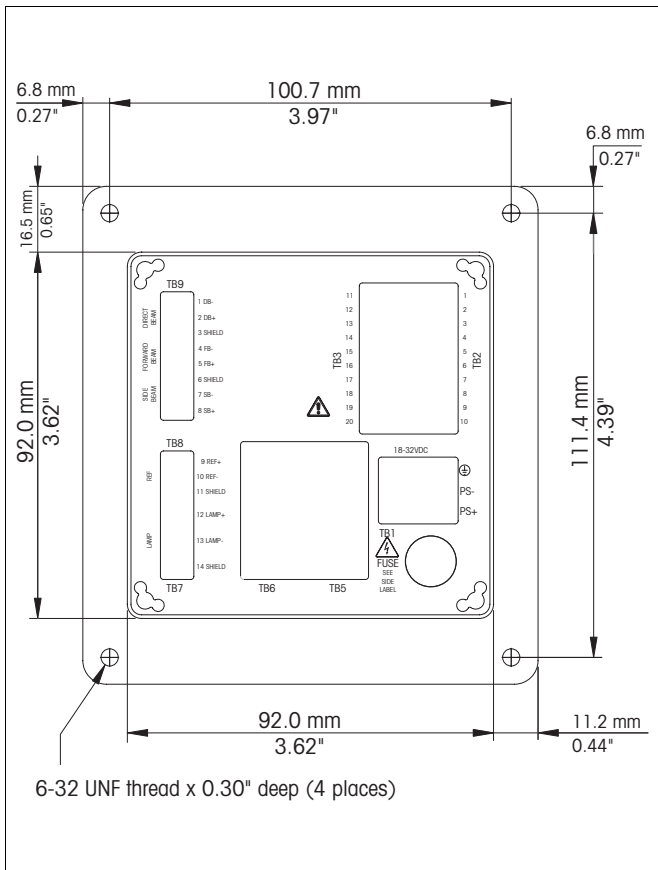
Shown below are the Trb 8300 F/S enclosure dimensions:



front dimensions – [mm] inches



side dimensions – [mm] inches



rear dimensions – [mm] inches

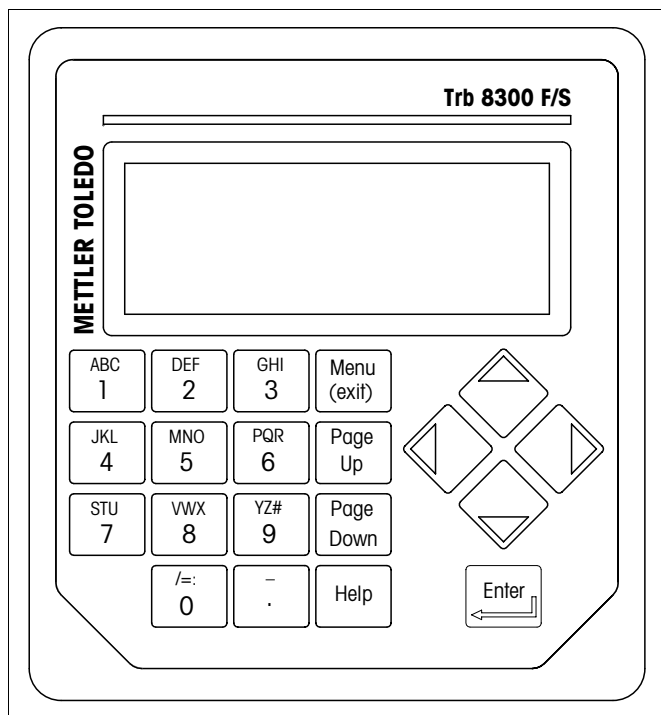
Front Panel

Display:

The backlit LCD display has four lines of 20 characters each.

Keypad:

The keypad consists of 9 function keys and 11 alphanumeric entry keys. See **Chapter 3: Getting Started** for a detailed description of each key.



front panel

Rear Panel

All electrical, relay, input, output, and communication connections are made via the rear panel of the Trb 8300 F/S. See **CONNECTIONS** later in this section.

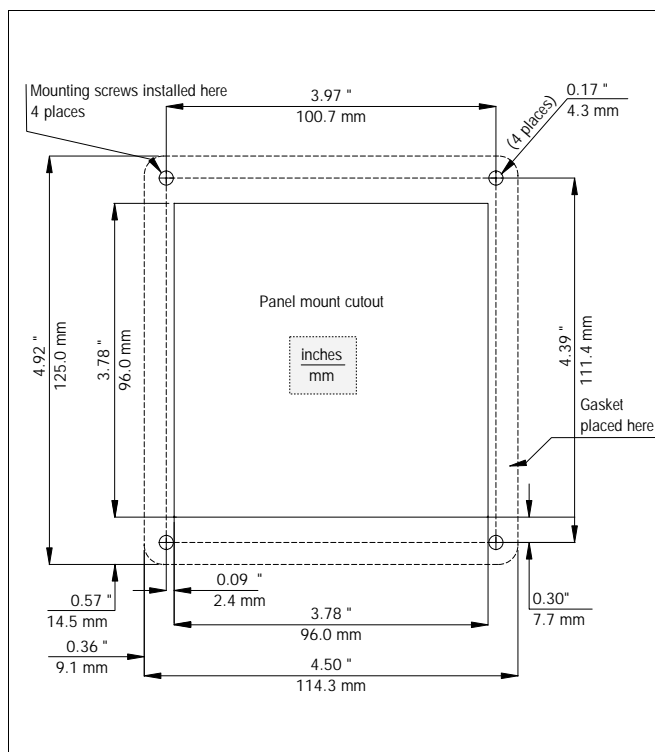
INSTRUMENT INSTALLATION

Panel Mount

The Trb 8300 F/S is supplied with four mounting screws and a gasket to provide a seal at the panel cutout.

To mount the Trb 8300 F/S in an instrument panel:

1. Use the illustration below to mark panel cutouts.



panel cutout – [mm] inches

If multiple instruments are to be mounted in the same panel, allow enough space for the flanges to overlap the panel between instruments (dotted outline).

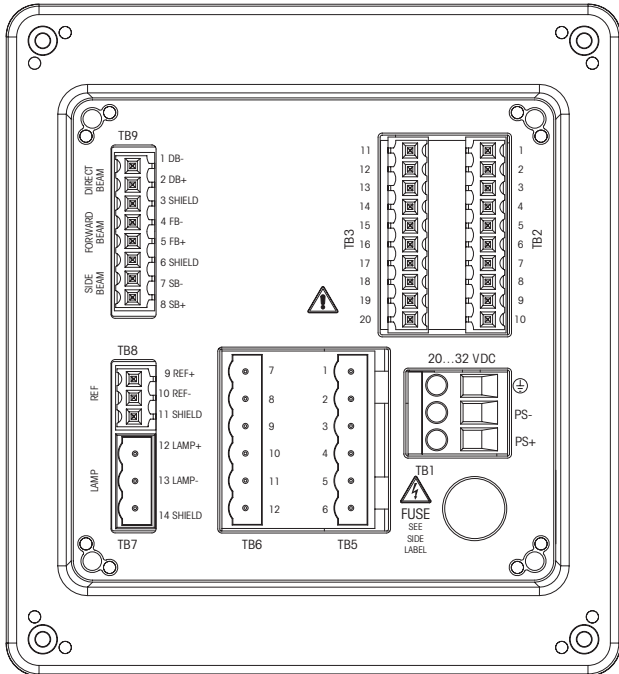
2. Make the panel cutout and drill the mounting screw holes; all cutouts should be clean and free of burrs.
3. Remove the backing paper and slide the adhesive gasket onto the rear of the instrument flange. Align it evenly and press into place. The two small pins near each screw hole are intended to control compression of the gasket for optimum sealing.
4. Slide the Trb 8300 F/S into the panel and secure with four 6-32 mounting screws (supplied) from the back.

Wall Mount

For wall mounting the transmitter Trb 8300 F/S needs to be installed in an additional stainless steel IP66 (NEMA 4X) field housing (METTLER TOLEDO part number 52 800 867).

CONNECTIONS

All connections are made via the rear panel. InPro8400 and InPro8500 series sensor cable wires are marked with corresponding numbers found on TB7 and TB9. Outputs on TB2 and TB3 include 4 analog outputs, RS232 plus 4 discrete inputs. Four relays are on TB5 and TB6.



rear panel terminal boards

WARNING: MAKE SURE POWER TO ALL WIRES IS TURNED OFF BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE INSTALLATION. HIGH VOLTAGE MAY BE PRESENT ON THE INPUT POWER WIRES AND RELAY WIRES.

Acceptable wire sizes for Trb 8300 F/S terminals are from 22 AWG (0.326 mm²) to 14 AWG (2.08 mm²) for all connections except relays. For TB5 and TB6 relay terminals use 26 AWG (0.126 mm²) to 14 AWG (2.08 mm²). If more than one wire has to be connected to a terminal, wire size must be further limited.

Input Power

The Trb 8300 F/S, part number 52 800 865, has a universal power supply for operation in the range of 100...240 VAC, 47...63 Hz.

Terminal block TB1 provides the connections for the input line power. See above section for wire sizes. Turn the terminal screws fully counterclockwise, then insert the appropriate wire into its terminal and securely tighten adjacent screw.

CAUTION: a full 0.5 in. (13 mm) of bare conductor must be exposed for reliable power connection to these deep terminals. This is much more than is required for other terminals. For AC power, make connections as follows:

Board	Terminal	Connection
TB1		Earth ground
	N	AC power, neutral
	L	AC power, hot

The Trb 8300 F/S, part number 52 800 866, has a universal power supply for operation in the range of 20...32 VDC.

Terminal block TB1 provides the connections for the input line power. See above section for wire sizes. Turn the terminal screws fully counterclockwise, then insert the appropriate wire into its terminal and securely tighten adjacent screw.

CAUTION: a full 0.5 in. (13 mm) of bare conductor must be exposed for reliable power connection to these deep terminals. This is much more than is required for other terminals. For AC power, make connections as follows:

Board	Terminal	Connection
TB1		Earth ground
	PS-	DC power, minus
	PS+	DC power, plus

WARNING: MISWIRING THE POWER MAY CAUSE A HAZARD, DAMAGE THE INSTRUMENT AND WILL VOID ALL WARRANTIES.

Sensor Connections

InPro8400 and InPro8500 series sensors are delivered with fixed cable for sensor lamp supply (terminal 12 and 13 on TB7) and fixed cable for detector photo current inputs (TB9). The sensor cable wires are labeled with the numbers 1 through 5 for the direct beam (DB) and the forward scattered light beam (FB). Only InPro8500 sensors with an additional sideward (90°) scattered light beam detector require wiring on terminals 6 through 8.

An optional Sensor Simulator (METTLER TOLEDO part number 52 800 885) is available. Its pre-wired connector plug into TB8 and TB9.

Board	Terminal	Connection
TB9	1	Direct beam minus (brown)
	2	Direct beam plus (white)
	3	Shield (black)
	4	Forward beam minus (yellow)
	5	Forward beam plus (green)
	6	Shield (black)
	7 InPro8500 only	Sideward beam minus (yellow)
	8 InPro8500 only	Sideward beam plus (green)
TB8	9 Simulator only	Ref+
	10 Simulator only	Ref-
	11 Simulator Only	Shield
TB7	12	Lamp supply plus (grey/pink)
	13	Lamp supply minus (blue/red)
	14	Shield

Other Connections

Each connection terminal and terminal block are labeled by number. The following tables identify each connection.

Board	Terminal	Connection
TB2	1	Do not use !
	2	Return Parameter Set A, B and HOLD
	3	Do not use !
	4	Parameter Set B
	5	Do not use !
	6	HOLD
	7	Parameter Set A
	8	RS232 ground
	9	RS232 receive
	10	RS232 transmit
TB3	11	Do not use !
	12	Return Parameter Set C
	13	Parameter Set C
	14	Do not use
	15	Analog mA output 4 +
	16	Analog mA output 3 +
	17	Analog mA output -
	18	Analog mA output -
	19	Analog mA output 2 +
	20	Analog mA output 1 +
TB5	1	Alarm, normally closed
	2	Alarm common
	3	Alarm, normally open
	4	Wash, normally closed
	5	Wash, common
	6	Wash, normally open
TB6	7	Limit 1, normally closed
	8	Limit 1, common
	9	Limit 1, normally open
	10	Limit 2, normally closed
	11	Limit 2, common
	12	Limit 2, normally open

Discrete Inputs

Discrete (digital) inputs (TB2-4,6,7 and TB3-13) allow external dry isolated contacts to pull their +5V logic level to common (TB2-2 and TB3-12) to provide discrete control action within the Trb 8300 F/S. This control may be used to hold the current (mA) outputs (see **Chapter 4** Set HOLD Mode) and to select one of three Parameter Sets .

CAUTION: Route wiring to discrete inputs away from power or switching circuits and provide shielding to an earth ground at the far end of the cable.

Current (mA) Outputs

Connections for current outputs are on TB3. Note that connections use common terminal (18) for current outputs 1 and 2 and common terminal (17) for current outputs 3 and 4. Current outputs are self-powered and have a maximum load capacity of 500 ohms.

CAUTION: Do not connect current outputs to circuits supplying power. They are already powered.

INITIAL START UP

When power is first supplied to the Trb 8300 F/S, a message similar to the following will be displayed:

```
*****  
METTLER TOLEDO  
Trb 8300 F/S vX.XX  
*****
```

The second line indicates the instrument main software version.

After a first time start-up of a factory-new transmitter, the instrument goes into a language menu after powering-up. Select your menu language - english, german or french. Then the instrument automatically goes to the Factory Data menu in which you have to type in or download the sensor specific calibration coefficients.

See "USING THE DISPLAY AND KEYPAD" in CHAPTER 3: GETTING STARTED to make yourself familiar with the basic operations to navigate through the Factory Data menu.

Caution: Before starting measurements the sensor calibration data have to be entered into the transmitter or must be downloaded into the transmitter via the RS232 interface.

For detailed calibration instructions, see **Chapter 5, Factory Data Menu**.

After initialization, the display will go to measurement mode.

Display Contrast Adjustment

Depending on ambient lighting and temperature conditions, some adjustment of the LCD display contrast may be needed. Allow the instrument to warm up to operating conditions before making an adjustment. Loosen the two captive front panel screws and lift the front panel off. Using a fine screwdriver, adjust the small potentiometer on the left side below the display to obtain the desired contrast. Replace the front panel.

CHAPTER 3: GETTING STARTED

Please read this chapter for an overview of the Trb 8300 F/S. It will help you understand the operating system and how to use the display and keypad for data entry.

The following chapters provide detailed information on using the Trb 8300 F/S:

Chapter 4: Using Menus – understanding the menu system, options, and configuration for your applications.

Chapter 5: Calibrations – understanding the different types of calibrations available, factory calibration, process calibration, and multi point calibrations.

For help diagnosing and resolving measurement problems, see **Chapter 6: Troubleshooting**.

OPERATING MODES

The Trb 8300 F/S has two operating modes:

- **Measure** – used to present measurement data; the instrument will usually be in this mode.
- **Menu** – used to set up the system for your specific applications and access all other operational features.

Measure Mode

Three Parameter Sets can be configured in the Trb 8300 F/S. In display mode, the measurement of the active Parameter Set (P-Set) is displayed.

P-Sets

Parameter Sets (P-Sets) are termed A through C. In each P-Set the instrument can be configured according to the requirements of a specific application. Each configuration includes calibration, ranging of current outputs, definition of setpoints, and wash intervals and lengths. If the application changes the corresponding P-Set can be retrieved, modified and saved again if necessary. This feature is extremely helpful if the sensor is installed in a pipe in which different process liquids or process requirements have to be monitored.

Measurement Units

The Trb 8300 F/S accommodates the following measurement units:

- FTU – Formazin Turbidity Units
- NTU – Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- EBC – European Brewery Convention
- ppm – Parts per million
- g/l – grams per liter

with 1 FTU = 1 NTU = 0.25 EBC = 2.5 ppm = 0.0025 g/l

The turbidity values FTU, NTU or EBC are used if the turbidity of the process liquid is measured on a Formazin based scale.

ppm or g/l is used when the undissolved solid content has been determined by an alternative measurement, i.e. dry mass measurements of grab samples or offline oil in water measurements.

The factory adjusted factor of 2.5 (1 FTU = 2.5 ppm) results from a representative measurement with diatomaceous earth as turbidity reference substance.

Menu Mode

Menu mode allows you to set up the Trb 8300 F/S specifically for your applications.

The Main Menu consists of many sub-menus in a loop, which can be scrolled through for easy access. These sub-menus allow you to:

- Define Parameter Sets
- Calibrate the system
- Define current (mA) outputs
- Define limit setpoints and wash intervals
- Save/Retrieve Parameter Sets
- Reset different configurations
- Define Security levels
- Perform diagnostic functions
- Define your dialog language
- Configure less commonly used unit functions
- Enter sensor specific factory calibration coefficients

Each menu may consist of one or more screens, or pages, where you define the desired settings.

The remainder of this chapter describes how to use the keypad and display to define settings and enter information in menu mode.

The next chapter, **Chapter 4: Using Menus**, details the content of each menu.

USING THE DISPLAY AND KEYPAD

The Trb 8300 F/S operating system is very straightforward, but understanding a few rules will make it easier to navigate.

Display

The four-line display provides read-out of measurement data as well as all menu screens and data entry fields.

Most display information and prompts are self-explanatory, for further assistance press **«Help»** and page down to read the message. Press **«Help»** again to return to the original screen.

If an up or down arrow is shown on the right side of the display, then more screens of information are available.

A flashing value in the display mode indicates a setpoint for that measurement has been exceeded. A high alarm condition is indicated by ">" after the value. A low alarm condition is indicated by "<".

A flashing "H" on the display indicates that the transmitter is in HOLD mode. A flashing "ProCal" in the measurement display indicates that a Process Calibration has been started and is waiting to be finished (see Chapter 5: Calibrations). Example display:

```
Measurement
P-Set A (Process1)
FW:10.2FTU ProCal
SW:10.2FTU H
```

A letter before the measurement unit indicates a multiplier. The units multipliers are:

- m (milli) = multiply value by 0.001 (10^{-3})
- _ (units) = multiply value by 1

Keypad

The keypad consists of 9 function keys and 11 alphanumeric entry keys.

«Menu (exit)»

Press **«Menu (exit)»** to access the menu mode. Press **«Menu (exit)»** again to exit the menu mode.

«Page Up» / «Page Down»

Press **«Page Down»** to move to the next screen of information (if any). Press **«Page Up»** to move to the previous screen of information (if any). Additional screens are indicated by an up or down arrow on the right side of display.

When finished with a data entry screen, press **«Page Down»** to go to the next one.

«Help»

Press **«Help»** to view more information or instructions regarding the current screen or data entry field.

Press **«Page Up»** or **«Page Down»** as necessary to view the entire message. Press **«Help»** again to return to the original screen.

«Enter»

Press **«Enter»** to select a menu option, to select an option from a list, to complete an alphanumeric entry, or move to the next data entry field.

Arrow keys

The four arrow keys function as follows:

- **«↑»** – press to view the next item in a list of options.
- **«↓»** – press to view the previous item in a list of options.
- **«←»** – press to move the cursor left in a line of text or numbers (may also move cursor to the previous field).
- **«→»** – press to move the cursor right in a line of text or numbers (may also move cursor to the next field).

Alphanumeric keys

The alphanumeric keys are multi-functional. For example, the **«1»** key can be used to type the letters "A, B, C" in either upper or lower case, as well as the numeral "1"

Repetitive presses of the same key produce the different entries. Using the **«1»** key as an example:

- first press = A
 - second press = B
 - third press = C
 - fourth press = a
 - fifth press = b
 - sixth press = c
 - seventh press = 1
- then the sequence repeats.

Notes:

The «0» key will yield the following characters: / = : () 0

The «-» key will yield the following characters: . - + ^ _ ! \$

If another letter from the **same** key is desired, the «→» arrow key must be used to move the cursor to the next position in the data entry field.

When a **different** key is pressed, the cursor automatically moves to the next position.

If a lower case letter is selected, the next key pressed will begin the sequence with the lower case.

The «↑» and «↓» arrow keys can be used to scroll through the entire alphabet.

If the Trb 8300 F/S is expecting a numeric entry, the first press will yield the number on the key.

Data Entry

In menu mode, each line of the display presents an option followed by a data entry field.

If a colon ":" follows the field name, use the «↑» and «↓» arrow keys to scroll through a list of options.

If an equal sign "=" follows the field name, use the alphanumeric keys to enter the required information. (See **Alphanumeric Keys** above.)

When the desired option is selected or the alphanumeric entry complete, press «Enter» to move the cursor to the next field. (When the last field on a screen has been completed, pressing «Enter» will return the cursor to the top of the screen.)

If the menu consists of more than one screen of fields, press «Page Down» to continue.

CHAPTER 4: USING MENUS

INTRODUCTION

After installation and entry of sensor factory calibration data are complete, use the menu system to set up the Trb 8300 F/S for your measurements.

First, set up the Parameter Set for each application. Then go through the rest of the menus for calibration and to set any outputs, setpoints, relays and other functions as necessary. Menu selections are automatically saved as you make them, although on exiting menus you can restore previous settings.

If desired, photocopy the Measurement Parameters Record form provided in **Appendix B** to record the menu options selected.

After all menu options have been set, return to display mode to view measurement readings.

MAIN MENU

The Main Menu is used for all instrument functions except the actual display of measurements. The following sub-menus are available from the Main Menu:

- **Parameter Set** – define measurement unit and name of P-Set.
- **Calibration** – select and perform the appropriate calibration routine for your measurement. This is only necessary if you do not want to work with the factory calibration.
- **mA Outputs** – scale current outputs, and define HOLD mode and type of signal filtering.
- **Relays** – define limit setpoints, type (high, low), alarm relay action, and wash cycles.
- **Save/Recall** – activate a P-Set by recalling it or save your current settings to another P-Set.
- **Reset** – return settings to default values.
- **Security** – enable password protection.
- **Diagnostic** – access a series of diagnostic testing routines.
- **Language** – select your dialog language (English, German or French)
- **Factory data** – enter the sensor factory calibration coefficients
- **Other Menus** – access to less commonly used menus.
 - Set Date/Time** – enter date and time.
 - Set Unit Name** – enter a descriptive name for this instrument.
 - Lost Passwords** – retrieve lost passwords.
 - RS232 Set-up** – format the Data output communication parameters
 - Print Config** – print current set-up information via the RS-232 port.

Software Revs – display revision of installed software.

Service Only – for use by METTLER TOLEDO Service personnel only.

Access

To access the Main Menu, press **«Menu (exit)»**. If security is active, a prompt for a password will appear.

Press the **«↑»** or **«↓»** key to step through the main Menu. Press **«Enter»** to select a menu.

NOTE: Access to menu functions can be password protected for security. If you are locked out, you can still review settings but not change them. Press any alphanumeric key as the (wrong) password and press **«Enter»** to review menu settings.

Exit

After completing all data entry for one menu option:

- Press **«Page Up»** until you return to the Main Menu to select another menu option; or
- Press **«Menu (exit)»** twice to save settings, exit the menu system and return to display mode.
- If no keys are pressed for 5 minutes, the Measure mode will resume automatically and settings will be saved.

To exit menus and **discard** any changes made:

- Press **«Menu (exit)»** once and then press **«1»** to exit the menu system, revert to the prior menu settings, and return to the display mode.

PARAMETER SET MENU

Parameter Set

Three different Parameter Sets may be defined in the system memory. Each Parameter Set definition will be identified by a letter (A through C) which will become a line on the display in the normal measuring mode and other menus as P-Set.

Sensor

The designation "FW" indicates that you are currently using a METTLER TOLEDO forward scattering light sensor, series InPro8400. The designation "FW/SW" indicates that you are currently using a METTLER TOLEDO combined forward/sideward scattering light sensor, series InPro8500.

Units

The Trb 8300 F/S accommodates the following measurement units:

- FTU – Formazin Turbidity Units
- NTU – Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- EBC – European Brewery Convention
- ppm – Parts per million
- g/l – grams per liter

with 1 FTU = 1 NTU = 0.25 EBC = 2.5 ppm = 0.0025 g/l

The turbidity values FTU, NTU or EBC are used if the turbidity of the process liquid is measured on a Formazin based scale.

ppm and g/l is used when the undissolved solid content has been determined by an alternative measurement, i.e. dry mass measurements of grab samples or offline oil in water measurements.

The factory adjusted factor of 2.5 (1 FTU = 2.5 ppm) results from a representative measurement with diatomaceous earth as turbidity reference substance.

Name

Each Parameter Set can be given a custom name for easier identification (up to eight alphanumeric or symbol characters). If a name is not entered, the Parameter Set will default to "none". The name may be overwritten as desired.

Note: See **Chapter 3: Getting Started** for instructions on using the alphanumeric keys

To exit the Parameter Set menu see Chapter 4: Using menus.

Press «**Menu (exit)**» to go to the Measure Mode before accessing the Calibration Menu.

FACTORY DATA AND CALIBRATION MENU

METTLER TOLEDO InPro 8400/8500 sensors are factory calibrated with Formazin turbidity solutions. On initial start-up of the measuring system the corresponding sensor calibration data have to be entered into the transmitter. This data is found on the sensor calibration sheet as well as on the corresponding sensor compact disk.

Caution: Before starting measurements the sensor calibration data have to be entered into the transmitter or must be downloaded into the transmitter via the RS232 interface.

For detailed calibration instructions, see **Chapter 5**. Correct start-up and calibration as well as the understanding of special calibration routines are absolutely necessary for accurate measurements.

MILLIAMP (mA) OUTPUTS MENU

The 0/4-20 mA Outputs Menu is used to assign current outputs to measurements and define any necessary options. Furthermore HOLD Mode and Signal Filters for all four outputs are defined.

NOTE: Outputs are programmed to fulfill requirements of NAMUR NE43. This means that in an over-range condition, the outputs will be set to 20.5 mA. In an under-range condition the outputs will be set to 0 mA or 3.8 mA (if low value is set to 4 mA).

Use the «**↑**» and «**↓**» arrow keys in the mA Output menu to select mA-Output # (= number), then press «**Enter**» to continue with setting up one of the current outputs.

Four current outputs are provided. Each output can be programmed to operate as a normal (i.e., linear), bi-linear, auto-range, or logarithmic output and to send a 22 mA signal if a system failure is detected.

See **Chapter 2: Installing the Trb 8300 F/S** for connection information.

mA Output #

Select Signal (for InPro8500 sensors only)

Use the «**↑**» and «**↓**» arrow keys to select the desired signal. Select **FW** (forward) to assign the turbidity value of the forward scattered light sensor to one of the mA outputs. Select **SW** (sideward) to assign the turbidity value of the 90° scattered light sensor to one of the mA outputs. Press «**Page Down**» to continue.

mA output #

Use the «**↑**» and «**↓**» arrow keys to select the desired output (1 through 4), then press «**Enter**» to continue with set-up for that output. Complete all set-up parameters for one output before starting another.

To set up the next output, press «**Page Up**» until you return to the initial current output screen and then select another current output number.

Scaling Type

The following types of output scaling are available: normal, bi-linear, auto-range, and logarithmic.

Normal scaling provides a linear 4 mA (or 0 mA) to 20 mA output. Low and high measurement values can be entered to correspond to those outputs.

Bi-linear scaling provides two scaling ranges for a single linear strip chart: usually a wide measurement range at the high end of the scale, and a narrower range with high resolution at the low end.

In addition to entering low and high values, a mid-range scaling value must be defined. For example, a user may want to monitor a particle breakthrough into the liquid phase during a liquid/solids separation process. Measurements are normally in the range of 5-20 FTU but during a particle breakthrough, a range of up to 200 FTU is desirable. Settings for the low, mid and high values might be 5, 20 and 201 FTU, to give convenient plotting on a 10-division strip chart.

Auto-Range scaling provides two ranges of output. It is designed to work with a PLC or two points of a multipoint strip chart recorder to meet the same needs as bi-linear scaling above.

Two separate settings are used, one for the high limit of the high range and one for the high limit of the low range, for the single 0/4-20 mA signal. The low value is always zero.

For the particle breakthrough example above, with rising concentration, the 0/4-20 mA signal would go from 0-100% for 0-20 FTU, decrease to 10% , then go 10-100% for 20-200 FTU. Thus both 0-20 and 0-200 FTU ranges may be recorded on the same chart using a single signal.

Logarithmic scaling provides an output for use with logarithmic chart paper. A high value and the number of decades must be entered. The low value is defined by the other two settings. For example, a high value of 1000 ppm with 3 decades would give a range of 1–10–100–1000 ppm

Low Value (signal level)

Select 4 mA or 0 mA as the low value of the output signal.

0/4 mA (scaling limit)

Enter the measurement value that will correspond to 4 mA (or 0 mA).

Whenever the measurement is equal to this number, the output signal will be set to its minimum value. Whenever the measurement is less to this number it will be set to 0 mA or 3.8 mA when 4 mA has been selected (NAMUR NE43).

If the output scaling type is auto-range, the low value is always zero.

Note: Output signals can be "inverted" by setting the minimum value higher than the maximum.

Mid (Bi-linear scaling only)

Enter the measurement value that will correspond to the middle of the range (10 or 12 mA).

20 mA (scaling limit)

Enter the measurement value that will correspond to 20 mA.

Whenever the measurement is equal to this number, the output signal will be set to its maximum value. Whenever the measurement is greater than this number it will be set to 20.5 mA (NAMUR NE43).

Num of Decades (logarithmic scaling only)

Select the number of decades for the scale, from 1 to 6 (e.g., 1 to 100 is two decades).

On failure 22 mA

If the system or measurement fails, the system can failsafe to either 22 mA or not. In the case that the failsafe is set to off, the output will go to 20.5 mA. This state is displayed as asterisks "*****" on the front panel display.

Current Out

Displays the actual current (mA) being outputted.

SET HOLD MODE

The Set HOLD Mode menu is used to configure the HOLD state of the transmitter. During configuration and wash intervals, the transmitter can remain in the HOLD state for reasons of safety. The output currents are frozen (at last value or at a preset fixed value, depending on the configuration), limit and alarm relays are set to their non-activated status. If a meter is on hold, this is indicated by a flashing "H" on the display.

HOLD state:

No HOLD: The transmitter is never set to a HOLD state. It is always in a live state.

CAUTION: this setting can lead to unintentional switching of alarm/ and limit relays as well as to unexpected mA output readings when configuring the transmitter.

Fix: The current outputs (1-4) are frozen to a defined value when the transmitter goes into the HOLD state.

Fix Value: Enter the mA output value for the HOLD state.

Last: The current outputs are frozen to the last value as soon as the transmitter goes into the HOLD state.

NOTE: The transmitter is also set into the HOLD state if the corresponding discrete input is activated (see chapter 2, Discrete Inputs). If "No HOLD" has been selected in the software menu, mA-outputs are only frozen at their last value when the digital input activates the HOLD.

FILTER

Filtering stabilizes measurement readings in applications with noisy signals. The following options are available: "none" or "Low Pass" Filter.

RELAYS MENU

The Relays Menu is used to define measurement limits, alarm conditions, a wash interval and length. All relays are SPDT (Single Pole Double Throw) types.

CAUTION: The default software settings for the relays, and the descriptions of the relay operations below, assume that the relays are wired in the following manner (see Chapter 2):

Limit 1 to TB6 pins 8 and 9 (normally open)

Limit 2 to TB6 pins 11 and 12 (normally open)

Alarm to TB5 pins 1 and 2 (normally closed)

Wash to TB5 pins 5 and 6 (normally open)

When the measurement value is higher than a high limit value or lower than a low limit value, an alarm condition exists. Limit alarm conditions are indicated by a flashing measurement reading when in the display mode. Also, the corresponding relay is closed when a limit value is exceeded.

The Alarm relay is opened in case of a system or power failure.

NOTE: Setpoints are defined for a specific Parameter Set. The active Parameter Set is displayed in the Relay menus .

Select Relay

Use the «↑» and «↓» arrow key to select a Relay (Limit 1 or 2, Alarm or Wash), then press «Page Down» to continue with the set-up for that relay. Complete all set-up parameters for one relay before starting another.

To set-up the next relay, press «Page Up» until you return to the initial relay screen and then select another relay.

LIMIT 1 AND 2

Signal (for InPro8500 sensors only)

Select FW (forward) to define a limit value for the forward scattered light sensor. Select SW (sideward) to assign a limit value for the 90° scattered light sensor. Press «Enter» to continue.

Value

Enter the desired setpoint value in the measuring units displayed.

Delay

A time delay requires the limit value to be exceeded continuously for a specified length of time before activating the relay. Enter the delay time in seconds.

If the condition disappears before the delay period is over, the relay will not be activated.

Hysteresis

A hysteresis value requires the measurement to return within the limit value by a specified percentage before the relay is deactivated.

For a high setpoint, the measurement must decrease more than the indicated percentage below the limit value before the relay is deactivated. With a low setpoint, the measurement must rise at least this percentage above the limit value before the relay is deactivated. For example, a high setpoint is set at 100 and the measurement is currently above this value so that the setpoint is exceeded and the relay is activated. If the hysteresis value is 10%, then the measurement must fall below 90 before the relay is deactivated.

Enter a percentage value. No greater than 50%.

Set Point

Select high or low. Select Off to disable the Set Point and to avoid relay triggering.

State

The **State** setting allows the operator to decide whether the relay will be physically activated or not during normal operation. If the N.O. state is selected then the relay contacts will be open when the limit is not exceeded or when the power is off (relay deactivated). The relay contacts will close when the limit is exceeded (relay activated). This is the default setting. If the N.C. state is selected then the relay contacts will be open when the limit is exceeded and when power is off (relay deactivated). The relay contacts will be closed when the measurement is within the limits (relay activated). This assumes that the contacts are wired as described at the start of the relay section.

ALARM

The alarm relay is activated in case of system or power failure.

Delay

A time delay requires the alarm state to exist continuously for a specified length of time before activating the relay. Enter the delay time in seconds.

If the alarm condition disappears before the delay period is over, the relay will not be activated.

State

The State for the Alarm relay can not be changed. The relay will always be activated and the contact is open when there is no alarm. The relay contact will close when there is an alarm or when the power fails or is shut off.

Use alarm if mA outputs are under-/over-range

If **one** of the defined measuring ranges (see Chapter 4, mA Output #) is exceeded, the Alarm relay can be activated. Select yes or no.

WASH

The Wash relay is used to activate an appropriate cleaning device for the sensor.

Interval

Enter the time between two wash cycles in hours. The smallest possible value is 0.010 hr (36 seconds). The greatest possible value is 999.9 hours. The Wash relay will be activated when the interval time has been counted down. Enter 0.000 hr for deactivating the wash function. Press «Enter».

Depending on HOLD state settings, the instrument will go into the HOLD state when a wash cycle has been started (see chapter 3, HOLD state).

Wash time

Enter the time which is needed for a washing cycle in seconds. The greatest possible value is 600 seconds. Press «Enter». The wash relay will be activated for the length defined here plus a fixed post delay time of 20 seconds. After this time the instrument will leave the HOLD state - if activated.

State

The **State** setting allows the operator to decide whether the relay will be physically activated or not during normal operation. If the N.O. state is selected then the relay contacts will be open when the wash is off or when the power is off (relay deactivated). The relay contacts will close when wash starts (relay activated). This is the default setting. If the N.C. state is selected then the relay contacts will be open when the wash is on or when power is off (relay deactivated). The relay contacts will be closed when the wash is off (relay activated). This assumes that the contacts are wired as described at the start of the relay section.

SAVE/RECALL MENU

In the previous sections all settings for a certain application have been defined in one Parameter Set (P-Set A through C) and have been automatically saved.

In this menu you can copy the current settings to another Parameter Set or you can recall another Parameter Set, i.e. when the application changes.

Another Parameter Set can be recalled in the following menus or by using the corresponding discrete input (see Chapter 2, other connections).

Select

Select Save if you want to copy the current settings of a Parameter Set to another one. This is helpful if you want to duplicate your current settings as an initial state for another Parameter Set. Select Recall if you want to activate a certain Parameter Set. Press **«Page Down»**.

P-Set

Select the Parameter Set you want to save or recall. Press **«Enter»**.

RESET MENU

The Reset Menu is used to clear user programming and return settings to their default values; for the entire system, for single Parameter Sets, or Calibration settings of the active Parameter Set.

Note: The sensor factory data can not be cleared via the Reset Menu. If you connect the transmitter to another sensor, the factory data have to be entered as described in Chapter 5, Factory Data and Calibration.

Use the **«↑»** and **«↓»** arrow keys to select the desired option to reset, then press **«Enter»**. The available options are: **“System”**, **“P-Set”**, and **“Cal”**.

System

A system reset will:

- Clear and disable all relays, setpoints, and mA outputs in all P-Sets
- Clear all Calibration Settings in all P-Sets.
- Set the serial port to 38.4K baud and even parity. The data output is turned off.

Note: A system reset will neither clear the sensor factory data nor change the unit number.

Press **Page Down** to reset the system.

P-Set

A P-Set reset will:

- Clear and disable all relays, setpoints, and mA outputs in the active P-Set
- Clear all Calibration Settings in the active P-Set.
- Set the serial port to 38.4K baud and even parity. The data output is turned off.

Note: A system reset will not clear the sensor factory data.

Press **Page Down** to reset the active P-Set.

Cal

A Cal reset will clear all calibration settings of the active P-Set.

Note: A system reset will not clear the sensor factory data.

Press **«Page Down»** to rest calibration settings of the active P-Set.

SECURITY MENU

The Security Menu is used to prevent unauthorized changing of parameters. Users can be locked out of all menu functions, locked out of calibration only, or locked out of all menus except calibration. Without the correct numeric password, the user will only be able to view the menus.

A master password is required to change any passwords, lockout options, or to enable/disable the security program. Two user passwords can be defined.

The initial master and user passwords are set to a default of 00000.

Note: It is highly recommended to activate the "Lock Cal Only" feature to prevent unauthorized changing of the sensor factory calibration data in the "Factory Data" menu. Unintentional changes of Factory Data will lead to false measurements.

Go to ...

Use the «↑» and «↓» arrow keys to select the desired security option, then press «Enter». The available options are: Change Lockout, Change Password, Lockout Status and Lost Passwords.

To select another option after completing any of these options, press «Page Up» to return to this screen and select.

Change Lockout

Enter the master password to change any of the security lockout options.

Lockout

If lockout is enabled, users must enter their password to gain access to the menus. If disabled, no passwords will be required.

User 1

Select the desired lockout for User 1. The available lockout options are: "Lockout All", "Lock Cal Only", and "Open Cal Only".

User 2

Select the desired lockout for User 2.

Change Password

Use to change any of the passwords.

Which password to change

Select the desired user or master password.

Master Pass

Enter the master password to proceed.

New password

Enter a new 5 character password and press «Enter». You will then be prompted to re-enter the password to confirm it.

Lockout Status

The status fields are for display only.

Lockout is

Displays whether security lockout is disabled or enabled.

User 1

Displays current lockout option for User 1.

User 2

Displays current lockout option for User 2.

Time since last access in menus

Displays the elapsed time since the menus were last accessed by any user.

DIAGNOSTICS MENU

During measurements there are diagnostic testing routines running in the background of the transmitter software in order to alarm the user in case of any system failure.

In addition, there is a Diagnostic Menu used to run a series of diagnostic testing routines to verify the operation of the system components, including: transmitter, sensor, mA outputs, serial port, display, keypad, inputs and relays.

Use the «↑» and «↓» arrow keys to select a component to test, then press «Enter». The indicated test will be performed and the results displayed. Press «Enter» to perform the next test.

To test another component, press «Page Up» to return to the Diagnostic Menu and select the next component.

After completing the desired diagnostics, press «Menu (exit)» twice to exit the menu system and return to display mode.

CAUTION: Some diagnostic tests may interrupt normal operation of current outputs and relays and could upset related processes.

See the appropriate section below for information regarding the specific diagnostic tests.

Sensor

As a diagnostic aid, a Sensor Simulator, part number 52 800 885 is available to provide fixed photo currents. To use the simulator, simply plug its pre-wired connectors into TB8 and TB9. Select the signal to be tested: direct beam (DB), forward scattered light (FW) or 90° sideward scattered light (SW). Read the photo currents listed on the simulator label and compare them with the photo currents displayed on the transmitter. The Sensor Simulator is not a precision reference device, and should not be used for calibration purposes.

Lamp

You can turn off the lamp by changing the mode from "enabled" to "disabled". It is recommended to switch off the lamp during a longer downtime.

Furthermore the passed Life Time of the lamp is displayed. A typical lamp lifetime should not exceed 9000 hours in order to provide reliable measurements. A lifetime close to 9000 hours indicates that the lamp should be replaced (see sensor manual). If you replace the sensor lamp, press «**Page Down**» and reset the lamp life time by pressing "0".

Self Tests

An automated series of tests will check the operation of the following components:

- Sensor
- Current outputs
- Discrete Inputs
- Display circuit board
- Measurement circuit board
- Relay circuit board
- Other components (ROM, RAM, etc.)

The display shows how many times the tests have run, the elapsed time and the number of errors found. Press «**Menu (exit)**» to stop the test sequence.

Relays

Use this option to test triggering of all four relays simultaneously (Limit 1, Limit 2, Alarm, Wash).

Inputs

The level of the discrete input lines (high or low) will be displayed and updated (for P-Sets A through C and HOLD input).

Serial Port

Use a jumper wire to connect TB2 terminals 9 and 10 then press «**Enter**» to begin the serial port test.

Meter Test

Use to test the timers, ROM checksum, and RAM. Tests are performed sequentially, press «**Enter**» to perform next test.

Keypad

Press any key to test its response, the correct name of the key should be displayed. Press «**Menu (exit)**» twice to exit this test.

Display

An automated sequence will test the display of all characters (alpha, numeric and symbol). Press «**Enter**» to stop the test.

mA Output

Connect an ammeter to the mA output. Select an output to test, then enter a current value (milliamps) to send out the current output, then press «**Page Down**» to set. Repeat the test with a second current value to verify range response.

LANGUAGE MENU

Select the language in which the menu and online Help texts are displayed. You can choose between "**English**", "**German**" and "**French**". Press «**Enter**» to confirm.

OTHER MENUS

The Other Menu is used to access less commonly used features, including:

- Set Time/Date
- Cal Table
- Set Unit Name
- Lost Passwords
- RS232 Set-up
- Print Configuration
- Software Revisions
- Service Only

Set Date/Time

Use to enter the correct date and time. Note that the internal clock does not run when power is off. It is only a convenience for setting the dates of calibration.

Time

Enter time in hours, minutes and seconds (hh:mm:ss).

Date

Enter date in month, day and year format (mm/dd/yy).

Cal Table

Use this function to read-out the single calibration coefficients for the Factory, Multipoint and or Process calibration. This is a view-only menu. You can use a spread sheet to visualize the single calibration curves.

Set Unit Name

This feature is especially useful when more than one unit is used. Enter the name or location of this unit (up to 20 characters).

The unit name is displayed whenever exiting menus and appears in configuration printouts.

Lost Passwords

To recover lost passwords, record the codes displayed on the screen and then call the METTLER TOLEDO Customer Service for assistance (phone +41 1 736 2525).

RS232 set-up

The RS232 Menu is used to format the data output communication parameters (baud, parity, etc.).

For detailed digital communications with regards to Main Program Software Upgrades see Chapter 7.

Data output: Selected to on, the current measurement with a time stamp can be recorded via the RS232 using a printer or a communication software package on a PC when this becomes available.

Print Configuration

A computer or printer can be used to record all set-up information (P-Sets A through C). If a device is connected to the RS232 output, press «**Enter**» to print. If the RS-232 output is connected to a computer, then a program like Hyper Terminal can read all of the set-up information.

Software Revs

Displays the engineering revision numbers of the currently installed system circuit boards (main, measurement, display option).

Service Only

These are service password protected functions for use by METTLER TOLEDO Service Personnel only.

CHAPTER 5: FACTORY DATA AND CALIBRATIONS

INTRODUCTION

A METTLER TOLEDO forward or combined forward/sideward scattered light turbidity system consists of a transmitter type Trb 8300 F/S and a InPro sensor type 8400 or 8500. InPro8400/8500 sensors are available in different sizes and with different process connections. InPro8400/8500 sensors are directly installed in a process pipe (see also sensor manual InPro 8400/8500, part number 52 800 883 (English), 52 800 879 (German), 52 800 884 (French)).

For maximum user flexibility, sensor and transmitter are not matched with each other. Each sensor is factory calibrated. The specific calibration data is provided on a calibration sheet and on a compact disk (CD), both included in the sensor package. When starting up the system, these sensor specific calibration data have to be entered into the transmitter. This step is mandatory before starting a measurement. User and application defined calibration routines allow a later calibration for fine tuning the system if necessary.

CALIBRATION TYPES

In each Parameter Set (Set A to C) three different types of calibration are possible: **Factory Calibration (Factory Data)**, **Multipoint Calibration** and **Process Calibration**.

Factory Calibration (Factory Data)

This is the basic calibration for a specific sensor. It varies with every sensor. Consequently the sensor calibration data have to be entered into the transmitter for starting up the system or if a sensor is replaced by another one or if the transmitter is replaced by another one. The Factory Calibration data are automatically loaded into all three Parameter Sets (A, B, and C) for immediate use.

Caution: when starting a new transmitter the first time, the user is asked to enter the sensor specific calibration data. Measurements are only possible after this operation step. Unauthorized changing of the Factory Calibration data can lead to false measurements. Users can be locked out from this menu point by using the security features of the Trb 8300 F/S (see chapter 4 Security Menu).

Sensor specific calibration data result from a multiple point factory calibration performed with Formazin to guarantee best linearity for the whole measuring range.

Process Calibration/Zero Point Adjustment

This type of calibration is an online calibration, where the user enters the Process Cal menu and saves the current turbidity reading. The user then takes a “grab sample” of the process to measure it against a laboratory instrument to get a reference turbidity measurement.

Before the Process Calibration can be completed, the laboratory reference turbidity measurement must be entered into the transmitter. During the period when the grab sample is being analyzed the transmitter retains the measured turbidity signal reading in memory. The transmitter returns to display the measurement and functions normally and the message “ProCal” is displayed. The user can go into any menu except the calibration menu. Upon returning to the online transmitter, the user re-enters the Process Calibration menu. The menu allows the user to adjust the slope or offset with the new value that is to be entered. The next step allows the user to enter the reference turbidity value that was obtained in a lab. Also shown is the stored value that the transmitter saved during the initial entry into Process Calibration. Note the current reading may be very different than the stored value due to the time that has elapsed while obtaining the laboratory measurement. Finishing the menu entries completes the Process Calibration. The Process Calibration routine is also used for zero point adjustment. If the zero point solution is inside sensor flow-cell, the zero point is adjusted via the offset adjustment. Of course, taking a grab sample is not necessary here.

If the user previously completed a **Multipoint calibration** (see below), the user is reminded when entering the Process calibration menu that this has occurred. Also depending on whether the slope or offset was adjusted, the Multipoint calibration curve will also be adjusted. A user will most likely go into a Process Calibration after a Factory Calibration or a Multipoint calibration to fine tune the process.

Multipoint Calibration

This calibration is intended to be used for offline calibrations with a turbidity standard – typically Formazin. The sensor has to be removed from the pipe first in order to pour the different calibration solutions into the sensor body. In normal operation it is not necessary to perform a Multipoint Calibration because the InPro 8400 and 8500 sensors are already factory calibrated with Formazin. However, if another turbidity standard is used it might be useful to perform a Multipoint calibration. For additional user flexibility, a multipoint calibration can be performed if turbidity is not measured on a Formazin scale (FTU, NTU or EBC) but on a ppm or g/l scale with the respective process liquid itself. Consequently the real concentration of these cal samples has to be determined by alternative analytical techniques.

FACTORY DATA MENU

When starting the transmitter Trb 8300 F/S the first time the user is automatically guided into the Factory Data menu. For later use (e.g. when a sensor is replaced by another one) the Factory Data Menu can be accessed via the main menu.

Note: To prevent the Factory Data menu from unauthorized access it can be protected using the security features of the Trb 8300 F/S (see Chapter 4 SECURITY MENU).

The sensor specific factory calibration data can be entered into the transmitter in two alternative ways:

- **Manual input** via the keypad of the Trb 8300 F/S
- **Automatic download** via the RS232 interface of the Trb 8300 F/S

Manual Input

Caution: Make sure the sensor calibration sheet you use has the same serial number as the one printed on the sensor. Mismatching of sheets and sensors leads to faulty measurements.

Go to the Factory Data menu in the Main Menu and press «Enter» if you have not been guided there automatically in case you powered up the transmitter the first time.

Sensor Type

Select **FW** (forward) for InPro 8400 sensor, select **FW/SW** for forward and 90° scattered light measurements (combined measurements) with InPro8500 sensors. Press «Enter».

FTU # 1...12

Enter the corresponding turbidity values which are printed on the sensor calibration sheet via the alphanumeric keys. Press «Enter».

FW

Type in the corresponding "Forward" (FW) coefficient for the current turbidity which is printed on the sensor calibration as well. Press «Enter».

SW (InPro8500 sensors only)

Type in the corresponding "Sideward" (SW) coefficient for the current turbidity which is printed on the sensor calibration as well. Press «Enter».

After the entry of the last coefficient press «Page down» to accept your inputs or "Page-up" to modify them again.

The transmitter is now programmed with the specific factory calibration data and ready to be used for turbidity measurements based on the Formazin scale in every Parameter Set. If you later on perform a Process or Multipoint Calibration, the original factory calibration data can be re-activated by the "Use" command in the Calibration menu (see Chapter Calibration Menu).

Automatic download

Caution: Make sure the start-up CD you use has the same serial number as the one printed on the sensor. Mismatching of CD's and sensors leads to faulty measurements.

The program is started directly from the CD. The program runs on computers using Windows98 or later.

Procedure

1. **For a new transmitter being started for the first time:** exit the Factory Data menu by pressing «Menu (exit)» two times.
For previously calibrated transmitters: go into the measuring mode.
2. Make sure the Trb 8300 is configured for communications and connected to a serial port of your computer (see also the port wiring diagram in Chapter 7, a RS232 interface cable is available from METTLER TOLEDO, part number 58 080 111)
Press «Menu (exit)». Select "Other Menus" using the «↑» or «↓» key, then press «Enter». Select "RS232 Set-up" using the «↑» or «↓» key, then press «Enter» again. Set Baud = 38.4K, Par = None, Data Output = Off, if these parameters are not already set like this.

3. Your computer must have Microsoft.NET Framework Package. This is included on the CD. To install it:
 - a. Double click on the dotnetfx.exe icon in your CD directory.
 - b. Answer yes to "Would you like to install Microsoft.NET Framework Package?"
 - c. Answer next to "Welcome to the .NET setup wizard which will guide you through the installation process."
 - d. Answer OK to "Installation of Microsoft.NET Framework vXXXXX is complete."
4. Your computer must have the DownloadCalPoints program. This is included on the CD. To install it:
 - a. Insert the Mettler-Toledo Turbidity CD into your computer.
 - b. Using Windows Explorer, find the CD and locate the program "Setup.exe".
 - c. Double click on "Setup.exe" to start the installation program.
 - d. The setup program will guide you through the installation. For each screen you can accept the default parameters by pressing the "Next" button.
 - e. After the installation is complete you may close Windows Explorer.
5. From the Windows Start button select "Program", then "Download Calibration Points", then "DownloadCalPoints".
6. Using the menus of the DownloadCalPoints program, select "Communications".
7. Setup the communication port. Select the com port that you are using. Set the parameters as 38,400 baud, 8 bits, no parity, flow control = None, and 1 stop bit. Press OK when done.
8. Press the "Open File" button. Find the data file that contains the calibration data. This file is located on the CD and has the extension ".csv". Press the "Open" button to load the file.
9. The DownloadCalPoints program will display the calibration to transfer this information to your meter.
10. Press the "Send" button to transfer this information to your computer.

The transmitter is now programmed with the specific factory calibration data and ready to be used for turbidity measurements based on the Formazin scale in every Parameter Set. If you later on perform a Process or Multipoint Calibration, the original factory calibration data can be re-activated by the "Use" command in the Calibration menu (see Chapter Calibration Menu).

CALIBRATION MENU

Select Use, Process or Multi Point and confirm with «**Enter**».

USE

Here you can select which type of Calibration shall be active in the current Parameter Set.

Factory – uses the sensor calibration data provided on the corresponding sensor CD or calibration sheet. This is the default mode after programming the Factory Data (see Chapter Factory Data Menu).

Process – uses the current Process Calibration data, if previously set by the user. For the InPro8500, the forward and side calibration need to be set independently

Multi Point – uses the current MultiPoint Calibration data, if previously set by the user. For the InPro8500, the forward and side calibration data are simultaneously set.

PROCESS

Process Calibration is intended to be used for online calibrations. It is applicable after both, Factory data calibration and Multipoint calibration to update the calibration data when measuring against a grab sample value.

Typically use of Process Calibration:

- The clearest (= zero turbidity) process liquid is flowing through the sensor body and the instrument reading is not zero (zero point adjustment)
- Routine updates of inline measurements against offline laboratory measurements for quality assurance reasons.
- The optical setup of your laboratory turbidimeter is different to the setup of the InPro sensors, i.e. a different wavelength range or scattering angle.

Having started a Process Calibration you are being asked to press «**Page Down**» to save the current reading. This should happen at the same time that you take the grab sample from the process or you know that the clearest liquid (zero point solution) is inside the pipe if you want to adjust the zero point.

The transmitter goes back to the measurement mode reminding the user that a Process Calibration has been started by a flashing "Process Cal" in display.

When you know the concentration of the grab sample, enter the Process Calibration Menu a second time: quick access can be done by pressing «**Page Down**» when the instrument is in the measuring mode. For zero point adjustments without taking a sample this steps follows immediately after the first step.

Adjust: Choose **Slope** or **Offset** depending on whether the measuring curve shall be adapted to the grab sample value by changing the offset or the slope value of the curve. Press «**Page Down**» to continue.

Note: It is recommended to choose the Offset if the grab sample value is close or equal to zero or the sensor flow-cell is filled completely with the zero point solution. A repeated Process Calibration is possible if you experience that an earlier change of slope or offset has not resulted in the desired measurements.

Value then Page-down to cal: Enter the known value of your grab sample and press **Page-down**. The instrument performs the Process Calibration and goes back to the measuring mode.

A Process Calibration can be stopped without changes by pressing **«Menu (Exit)»** when you have entered the Process Calibration Menu the second time.

Multipoint Calibration

InPro8500 sensors:

Different to the Process Calibration routine, a Multi Point Calibration calibrates both channels – forward and 90° - at the same time to achieve an identical measuring value. This results from the use of the Formazin scale. By definition, a certain Formazin concentration provides a unique instrument reading independently from the scattering angle, i.e. a Formazin solution of 40 FTU (or NTU) shall produce a reading of 40 FTU on both channels. This concept is maintained with other calibration solutions as well.

The Multipoint Calibration option is intended to be used for offline calibrations. For the weld-in sensor versions InPro8400T and InPro8400N only a process calibration is possible.

Caution: Before removing the sensor from process pipe, make sure the process pipe is completely empty and the pipe and the surface of the sensor have cooled down to ambient temperature. Any escape of hot medium under pressure may cause damage to material/equipment or injury to persons. It is not necessary to remove optical arms, cables or any other parts from the sensor body itself.

Close one end of the sensor by installing a blind flange and gasket or a rubber stopper. Place the sensor vertically on a bench, and pour in the calibration solutions. If HOLD mode is activated, the transmitter will go into HOLD when entering the Multipoint Calibration menu.

A Multipoint Calibration is performed when you are using samples with known turbidity or suspended particle concentration, i.e. when turbidity standards like Formazin are used or the concentration of the samples has been determined by a reference measurement.

Due to different light scattering characteristics of different samples it is not possible to predict when a Multipoint calibration with more than two points is necessary. Three or more point calibrations can become necessary with samples showing a very high optical density or when you experience a divergence from linear signal output.

A Multipoint Calibration is reasonably performed in the concentration range you are going to measure in your process.

The recommended way to perform a Multipoint Calibration is with samples prepared by defined dilution of a stock solution. This has the advantage that only the concentration value of the stock solution has to be determined by a reference method. The concentration of the other samples results from the defined dilution.

For example: half the volume of a stock solution with 100 ppm suspended solids is diluted with the same volume of clear solvent to get a concentration of 50 ppm. Half of the volume of this 50 ppm solution is diluted by the same volume of clear solvent to get a concentration of 25 ppm. The following four point calibration is performed with 0, 25, 50 and 100 ppm.

Typically 100-1000 ml of stock solution is necessary to perform an offline calibration, depending on the volume of the sensor body in use.

Note: During dilution and measurement make sure you are working with homogeneous samples. Sedimentation of particles has to be avoided by stirring the solution.

Type

Select 2, 3, 4 or 5 point depending on how many different samples you are going to use. Press **«Page-down»** to continue.

Cal Point

Pour the solution with the **lowest concentration** into the sensor body first. Make sure the liquid covers the optical windows inside the sensor body completely and no air bubbles are sticking on the windows. In order to eliminate light from the surrounding cover sensor body with a black piece of paper or something similar. On the second line of the display you will see the current reading. Enter the known measured value of your sample and press **«Page-down»**. A message shows up indicating that calibration is in progress.

FW / SW (InPro8500 sensors only)

The displayed FW (forward) and SW (sideward) are the photo current ratios of forward (sideward) and direct beam. These values are unitless and are part of the cubic spline linearization calculation. If desired, the user can record them into a spread sheet to look at the curve fit. This provides a representation of the actual computation curves and could be used for reference by the user.

Press **«Page-down»** to continue with the next calibration point.

Rinse the sensor with clear solvent and dry the sensor with air or sterile lab wipes. Proceed to calibrate the second point with the second lowest concentration.

Typically the last point of a Multipoint Calibration is performed with the stock solution itself.

You can stop a Multipoint Calibration at any time by pressing the **«Menu (Exit)»** key and then the **«1»** key .

Upon completion of the Multipoint calibration you are being asked to accept this calibration with **«Page-down»** or to check and/or modify it with **«Page-up»**. With **«Page-up»** you have the possibility to re-calibrate a single point, adjust the current turbidity reading or to accept a calibration point. Press **«Page-up»** until you see the calibration point you would like to change.

Do, OK, Adjust

«Do» is the only option you have during the first calibration cycle. In the modifying cycle you use **«Do»** to recalibrate a single point. Rinse the sensor with clear solvent and proceed to calibrate this point with the new concentration.

Select **«Adjust»** to adjust a single calibration point without doing a calibration with a defined turbidity solution.

Select **«OK»** if you do not want to modify the current calibration point and get to the next one.

If you have performed a successful calibration cycle you are being asked to press **«Enter»** to execute your Multipoint calibration in the active Parameter Set. With the **«Use»** command described above you still can select if you want to work with your calibration or the original factory calibration. A following Process Calibration is executed on the current calibration in use.

Re-install the sensor again in your process.

CHAPTER 6: MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING

MAINTENANCE

For Technical Support and repair information contact your local METTLER TOLEDO dealer.

Front Panel Cleaning

Clean the front panel with a damp soft cloth (water only, no solvents). Gently wipe the surface and dry with a soft cloth.

TROUBLESHOOTING CHECKLIST

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by METTLER TOLEDO, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Review the table below for possible causes of common problems:

Problem	Possible Cause
Display is blank.	No power to Trb 8300 F/S. Blown fuse. LCD display contrast set incorrectly. Hardware failure.
Display shows flashing "H"	Transmitter is currently in HOLD mode
Display shows flashing "ProCal"	A Process Cal has been started.
Display shows *****	Calibration settings not suitable for current media
Incorrect measurement readings.	Wrong sensor wiring. Unit programmed with wrong sensor factory calibration data. Sensor window fouling or coating. Process pipe not filled completely. System needs calibration. Hardware failure.
Measurement readings not stable.	Low Pass filter off. Gas bubbles in process media. Process pipe not filled completely. Sensor failure.
Displayed measurement reading is flashing.	Limit value is in alarm condition (limit value exceeded).
Cannot change menu settings.	User locked out for security reasons.
Data not sent out to serial port.	Serial port miswired. Baud rate and/or parity set incorrectly.

ERROR MESSAGES

Following is a list of error messages, their meaning, and possible causes.

Message	Meaning / Possible Cause
FW Over Range SW Over Range DB Over Range	Forward, Side, or Direct Beam signal is too high. The flow-cell is not filled with a liquid.
A/D Cal Failed	The main analog to digital converter failed to perform periodic temperature self-calibration, but can still perform measurements. Ship transmitter back for repair.
A/D Vref Failed	The main analog to digital voltage reference source failed. Ship transmitter back for repair.
A/D Failed	The main analog to digital converter failed and is not able to make measurements. Ship transmitter back for repair.
DB Signal Low	The Direct Beam signal is below usable limit. The turbidity is too high or the sensor is not connected.
Lamp Error	The unit could not set a nominal lamp current, due to possible hardware failure. Ship transmitter back for repair.
Lamp Over Range	Lamp voltage is too high. This could be caused by lamp burnout or broken or misconnected wire or sensor lamp arm cable is not connected to transmitter
Lamp Under Range	Lamp voltage is too low, due to short circuit or hardware malfunction. Ship transmitter back for repair.
Check Lamp Cal	Lamp circuit needs to be recalibrated. Ship back transmitter for repair.
Lamp Off	Lamp has been turned off.
Check Measure PCB	Measurement board is missing, failed, or not properly connected. Ship transmitter back for repair.

CHAPTER 7: UPGRADE

UPGRADES

There is software for various functions located in the Trb 8300 F/S. The need for field upgrade is likely to occur only with the Main Program and Measurement software.

Main program Software Upgrade

Over the life of the instrument, it may become desirable to upgrade the main operating software of the Trb 8300 F/S to a newer version. The main operating software revision number can be displayed by stepping through the menus: Other Menus/Software Revs/Main Program.

The main program software is changed by downloading the new operating file using METTLER TOLEDO Thornton utility program Max95.exe. It runs on computers

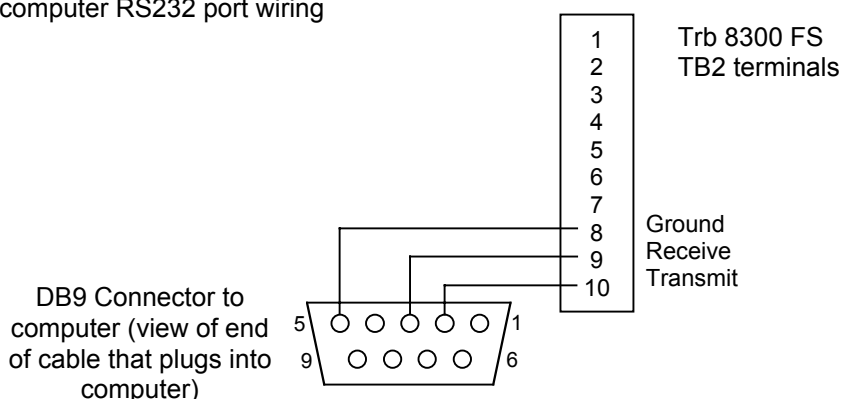
using Windows95 or later and occupies about 0.7 MB of hard disk space.

NOTE: Not all menus of the Max95 program are functional—use only those needed for the upgrade as described in the procedure below.

A cable is required with connector for the computer's RS232 port. Most computers use a DB9 connector as shown. Tinned leads at the other end connect to the Trb 8300 F/S screw terminals.

Because the memory chip containing operating software also contains extensive instrument calibration data, it is not practical to upgrade software by replacing the memory chip.

Trb 8300 F/S to computer RS232 port wiring



Procedure

1. Record all the configuration settings and the serial number of the Trb 8300 F/S unit being upgraded.
2. Confirm that the Trb 8300 F/S is configured for communications. Press «**Menu (exit)**» and use «**↑**» in Other Menus to display "RS232 Set-up". Set Baud = 38.4K, Par = Even, Data Output = Off, if they are not already set this way.
3. Connect the Trb 8300 F/S to the computer RS232 port as shown above.
4. From e-mail or floppy disk, copy the program Max95.exe and the new Trb 8300 F/S software file e.g. 43714_14 into a convenient folder or desktop of the computer.
5. Run Max95.exe by double clicking it in Windows Explorer and ignore any small incidental windows that may open.
6. Click to open "Communication" menu and "RS-232 Functions" and select "Gateway Port Set-up".
7. Select Port – COM 1 (or other port if you are using another).
8. Select Baud Rate – 38400.
9. Select Data Bits – 8.
10. Select Parity – Even.
11. Uncheck Enable Polling. Leave other settings as found (Flow Control – Xon/Xoff, Stop Bits – 1).
12. Click OK and observe "Connected" in the lower border of the window when communications are functioning.

13. Click on the integrated circuit button (Program Unit, 4th from right) on the tool bar.
14. Select Units to Program – One Unit and enter 1 in the box. Leave Unit Type at Main.
15. Click “Read” and locate the new Trb 8300 F/S software file and click OK. The new software version will be loaded into computer memory.
16. Click “Program”. Loading to the Trb 8300 F/S will take several minutes. Allow to run until 100% is displayed.
17. Restore the serial number of the unit using the appropriate command in section RS232 Communications.
18. Disconnect the RS-232 wiring from the Trb 8300 F/S.
19. If necessary, reconfigure the unit with the settings recorded in step 1.

CHAPTER 8: ACCESSORIES AND SPARE PARTS

ACCESSORIES

Description	Part Number
IP66 field-type enclosure for wall mounting incl. 5 pcs PG11 cable gland and front door with window Dimensions: H=200, W=250, L=230 mm H=7.87", W=9.84", L=9.10") Material: Stainless steel	52 800 867
RS 232 interface cable 2 m (6 ft.)	58 080 111

SPARE/REPLACEMENT PARTS

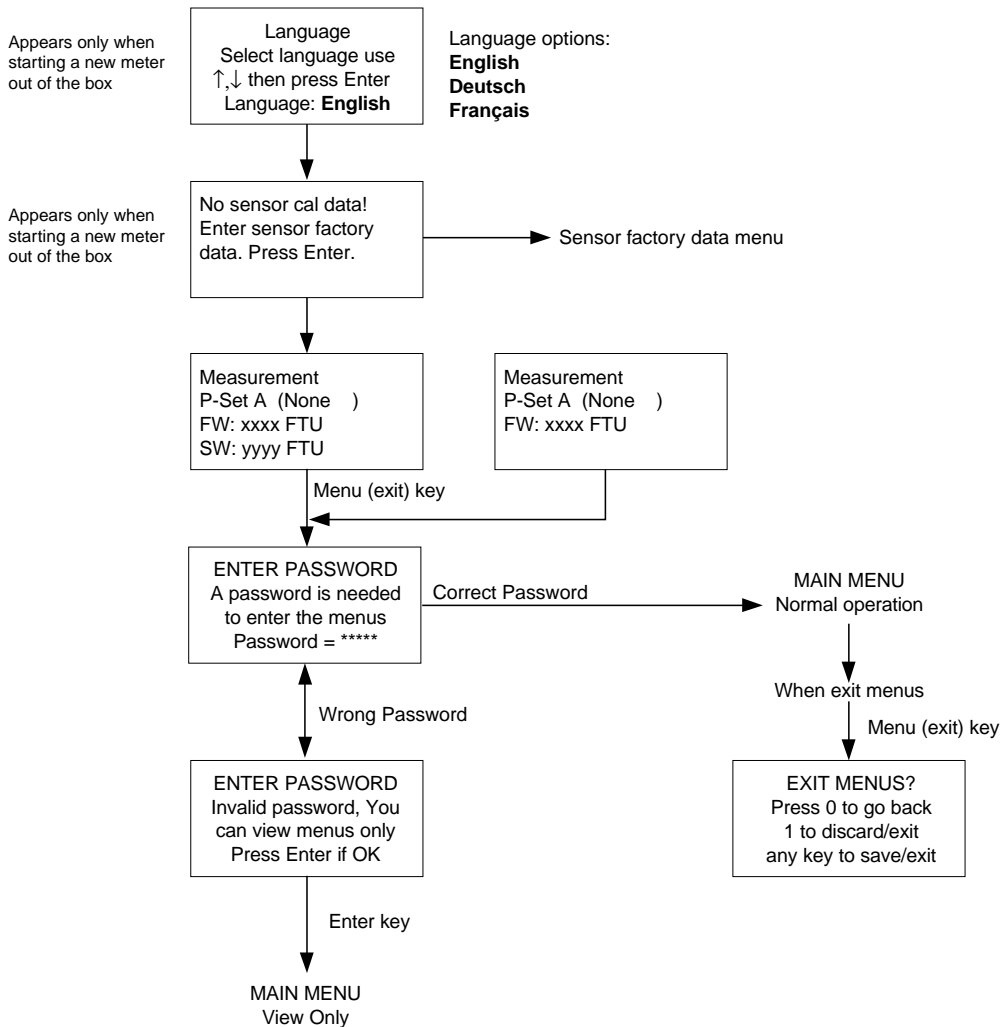
Description	Part Number
10-Terminal plug-in connector (TB2 and TB3)	52 800 251*
6-Terminal plug-in connector (TB5 and TB6)	52 800 252*
Fuse, 0.5 A slow blow, 5 x 20 mm (Little fuse 215.500 or equivalent)	52 800 253*
Panel mounting screws (6-32 x 7/16", 4 required)	52 800 254
Screws for front panel (2 required)	52 800 255
Retaining washers for front panel (2 required)	52 800 256
Liquid crystal display module (order mounting standoffs separately)	52 800 257
Display standoffs (4 required for display above)	52 800 258

*Recommended Spare parts

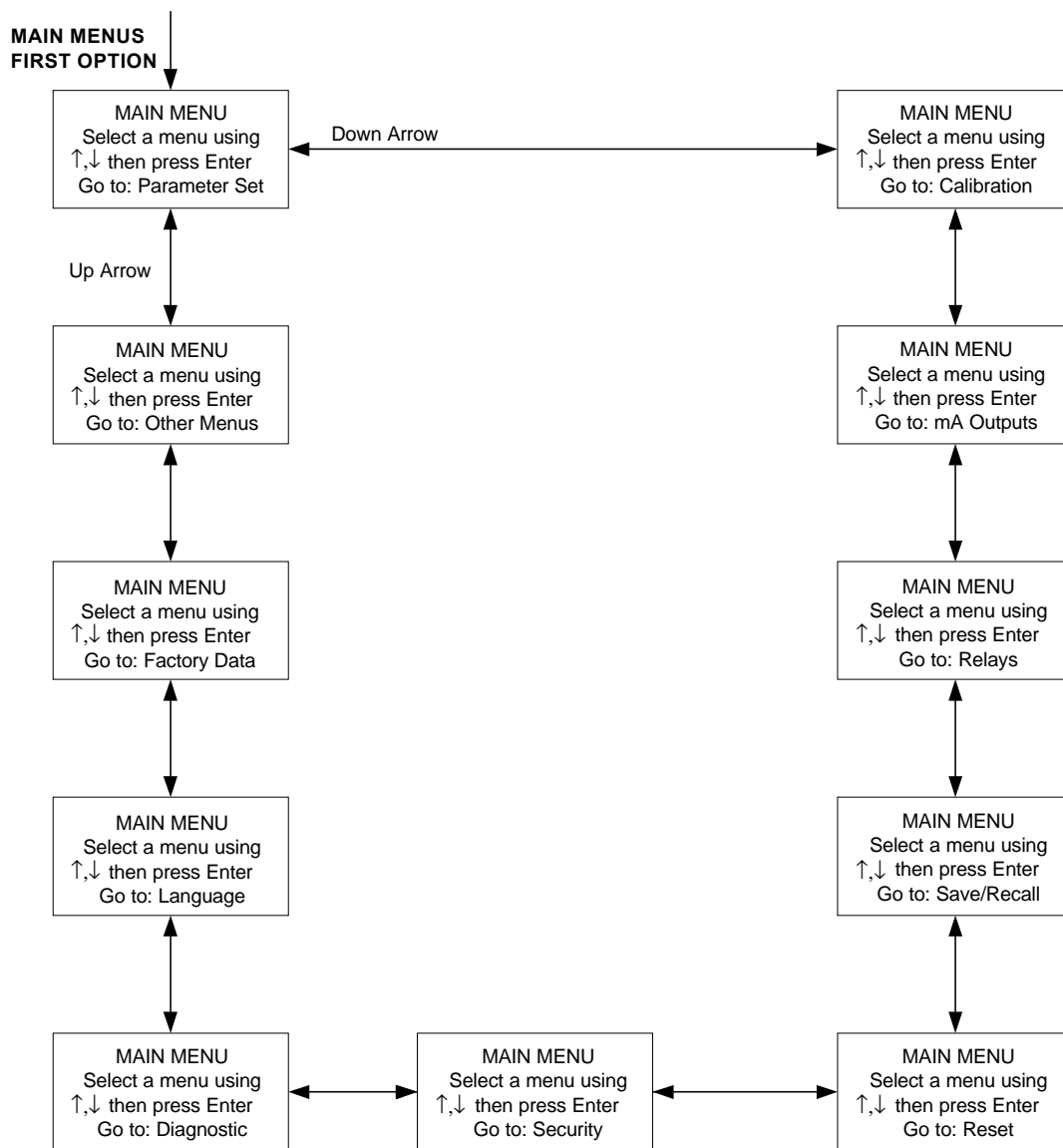
APPENDIX A: MENU TREES

The following menu trees illustrate the general sequence of settings available in the Trb 8300 F/S.

The screens below will appear after pressing «Menu» only if security has been enabled. Otherwise pressing «Menu» accesses the Main Menu directly, as shown on the following pages.



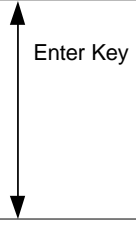
MAIN MENUS



PARAMETER SET MENU

MAIN MENU
Select a menu using
↑,↓ then press Enter
Go to: **Parameter Set**

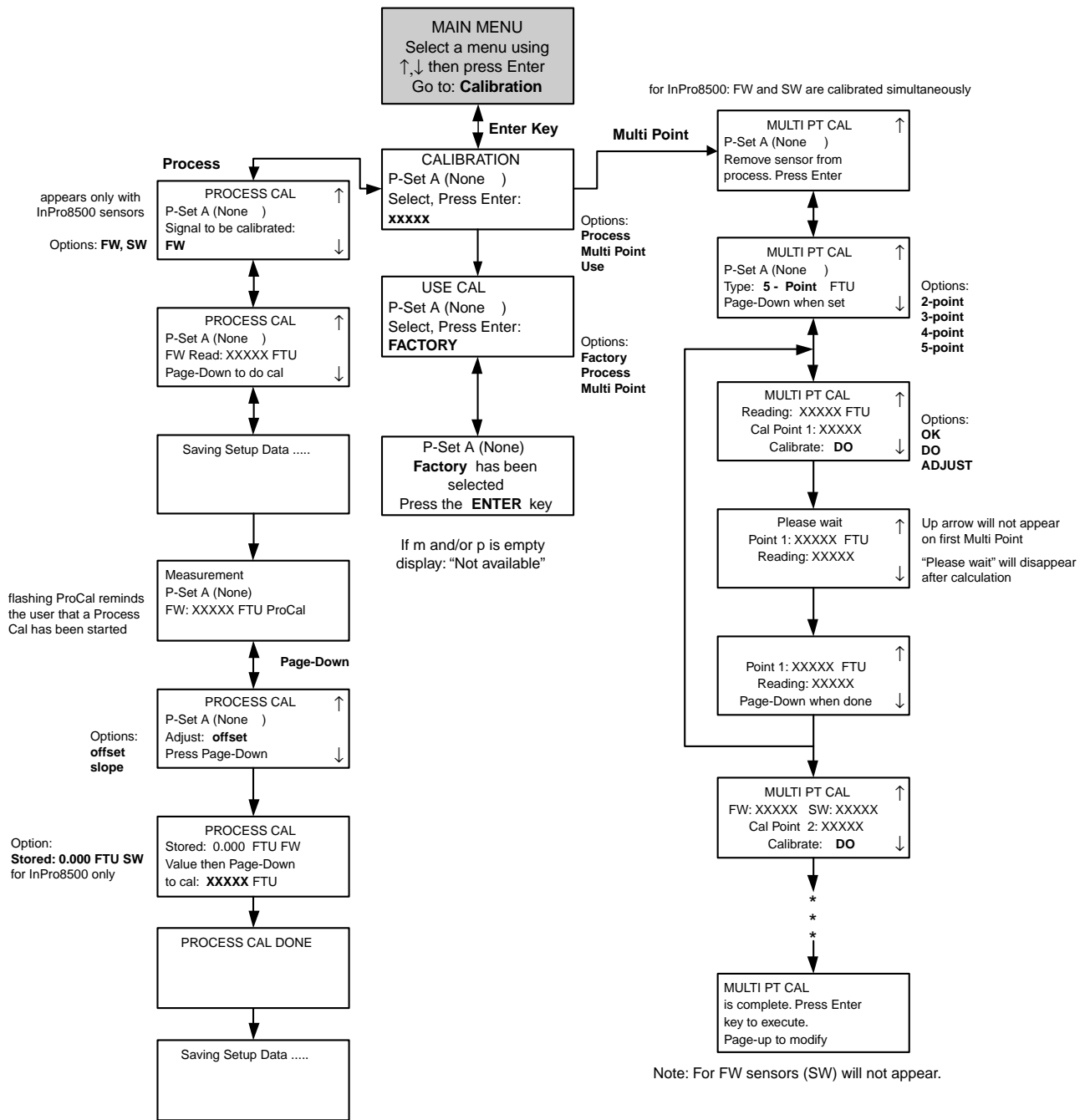
Settings which can be changed are in **Bold**.
Some menu displays depend on previous settings



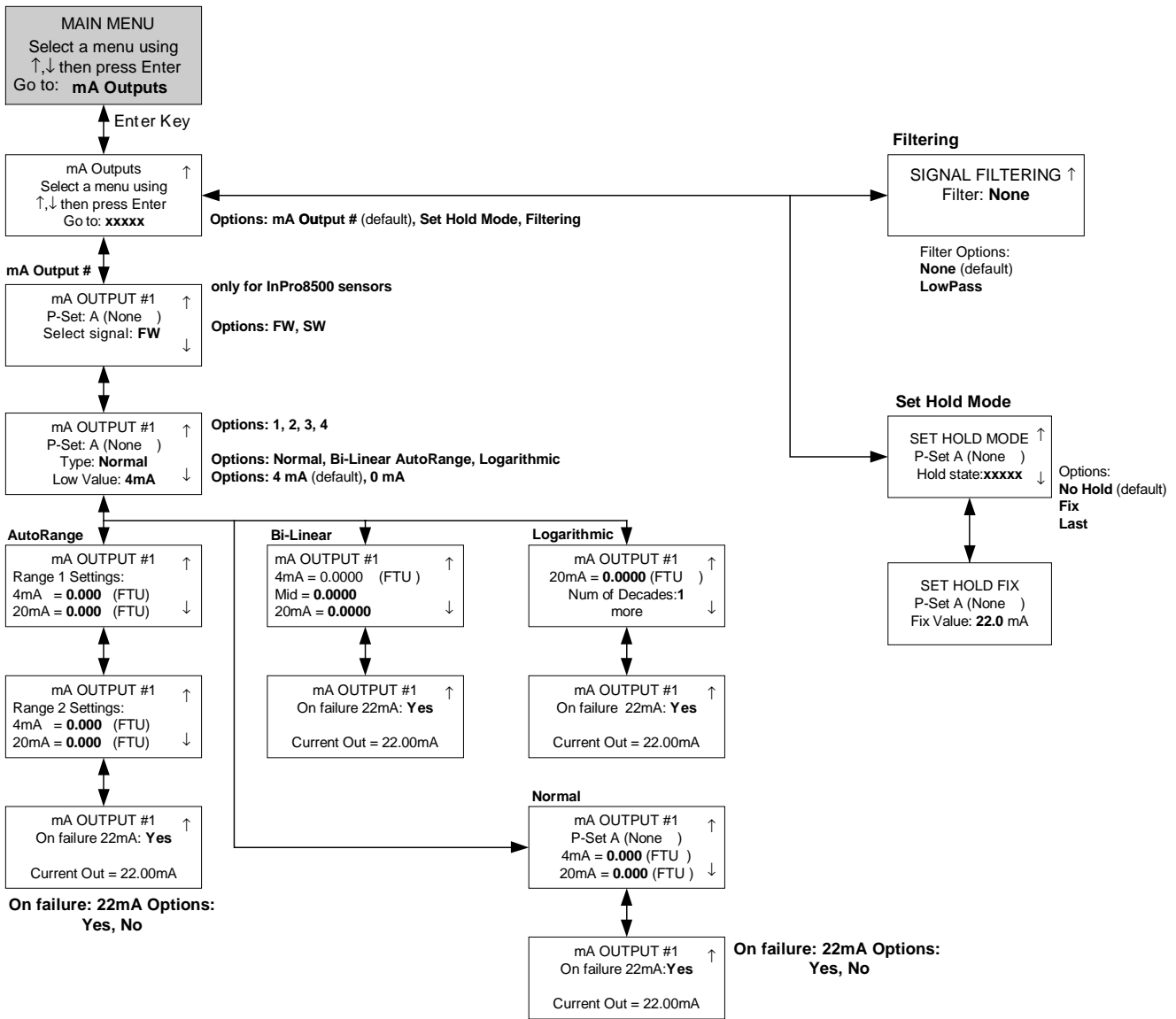
Parameter Set: A
Sensor: FW/SW
Units: **FTU**
Name= **None**

options: FW or FW/SW as defined in Factory Data menu
options: **FTU** (default), **NTU**, **ppm**, **g/l**, **EBC**
options: **up to 8 characters**

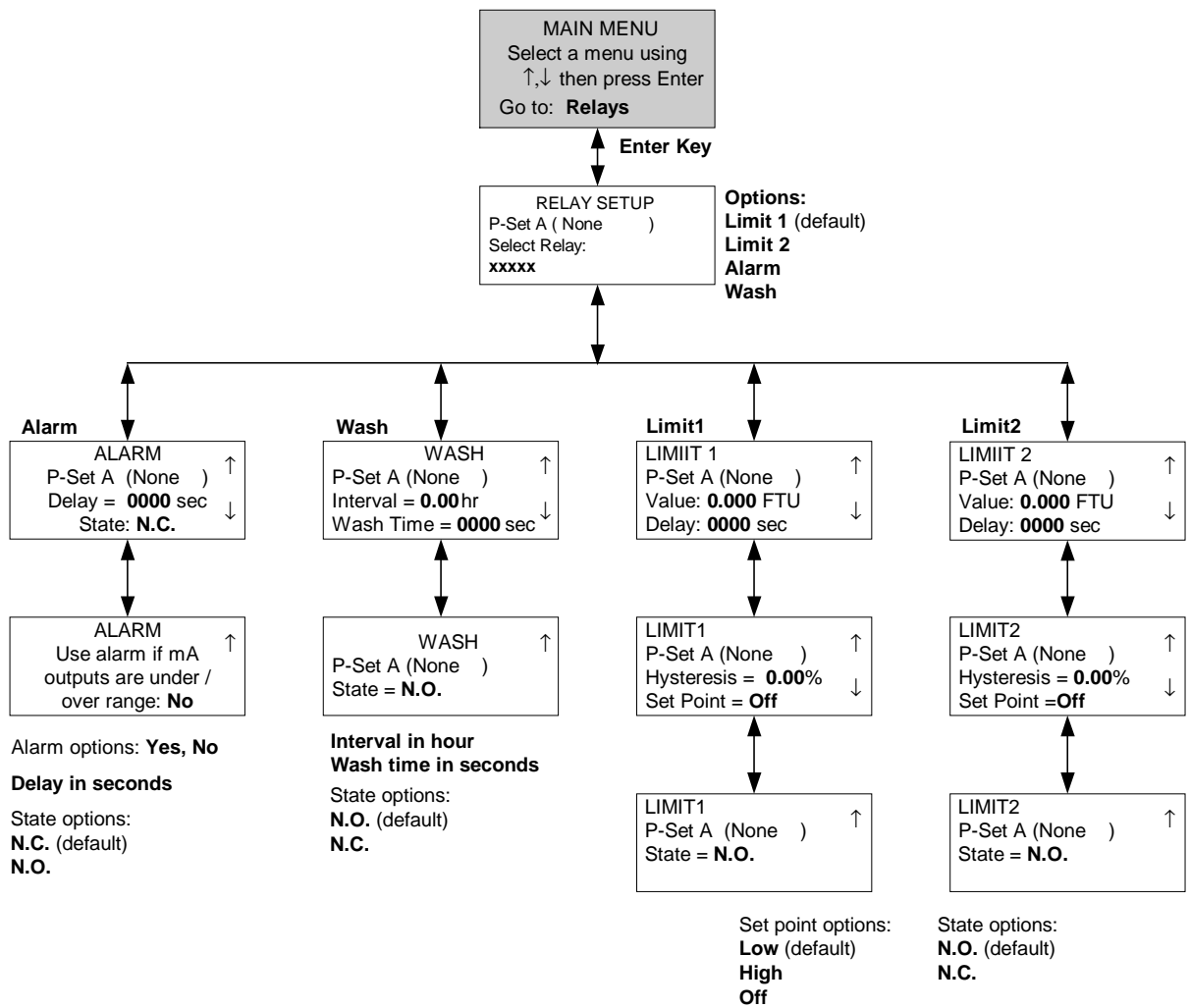
CALIBRATION MENUS



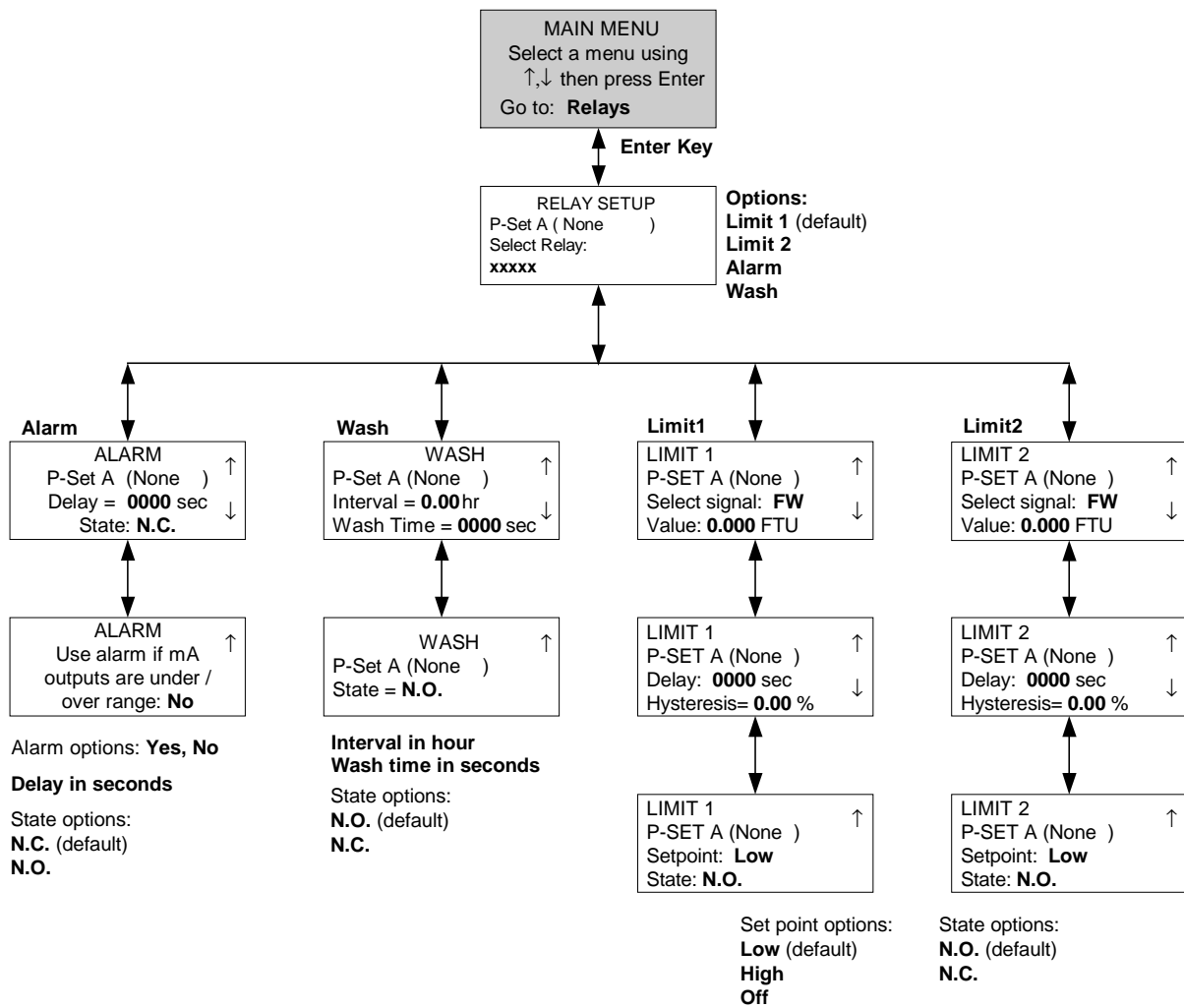
mA OUTPUTS MENUS



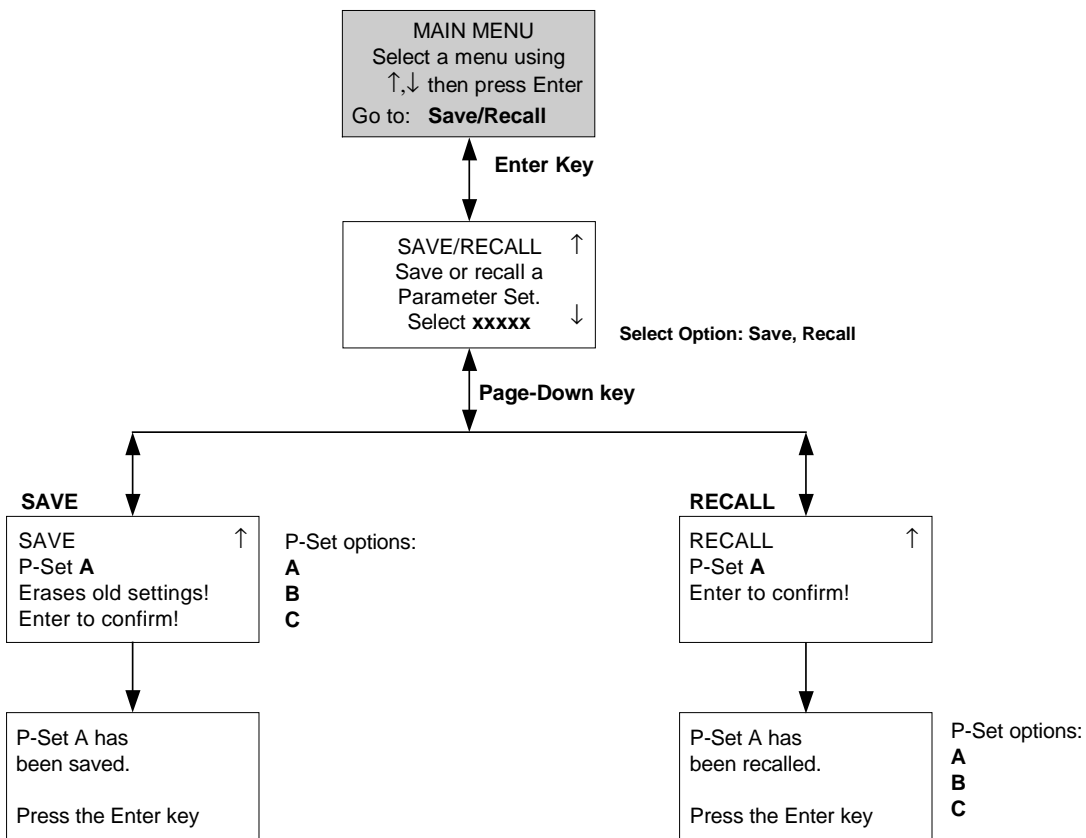
RELAYS MENUS (for InPro8400)



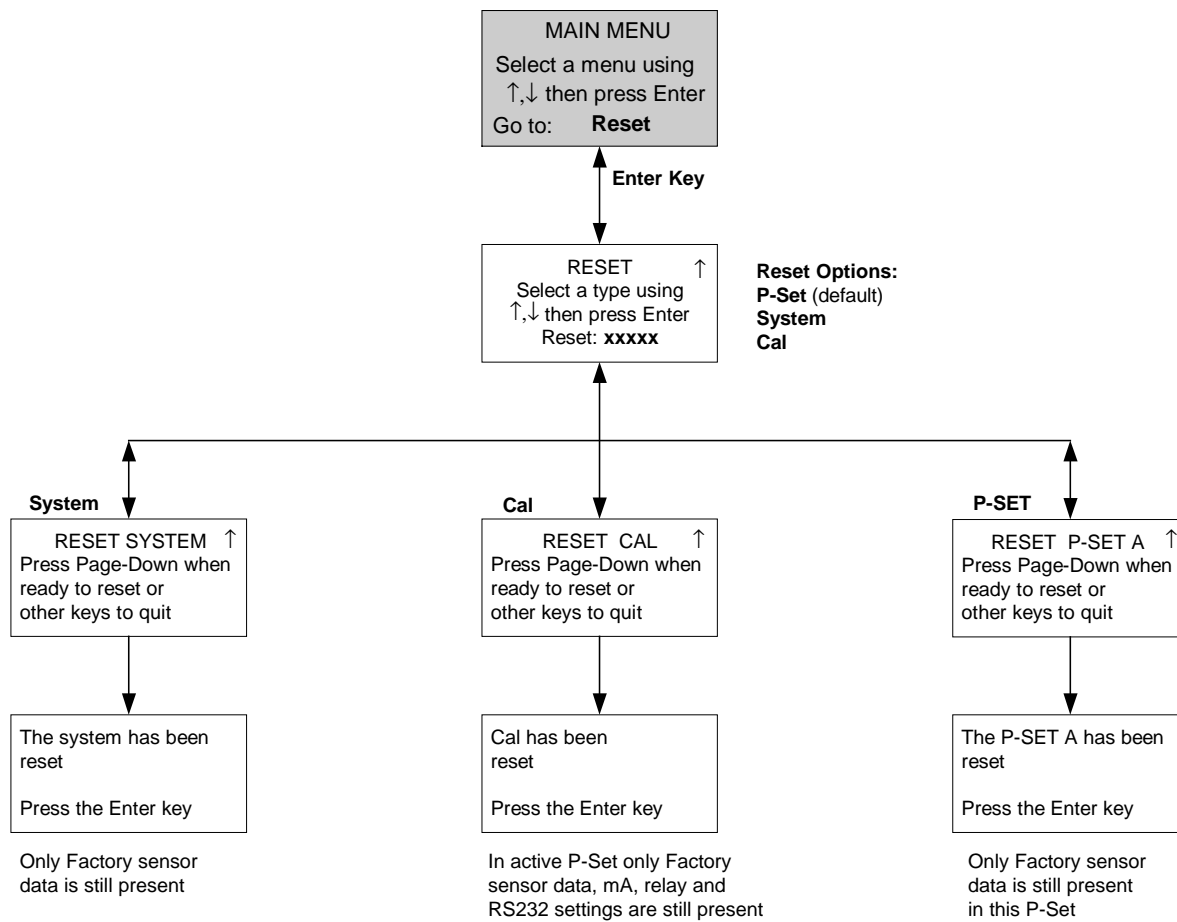
RELAYS MENUS (for InPro8500)



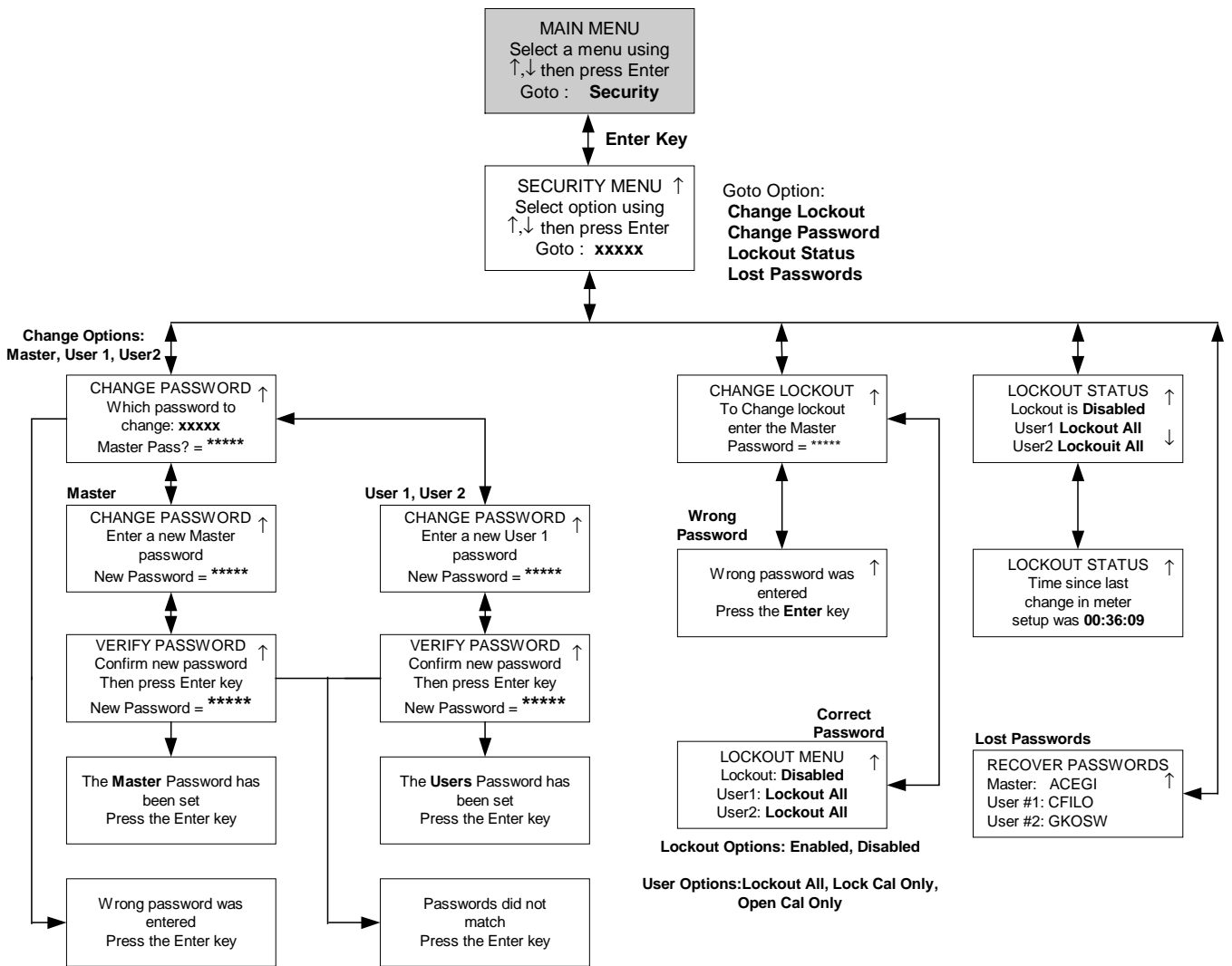
SAVE/RECALL MENUS



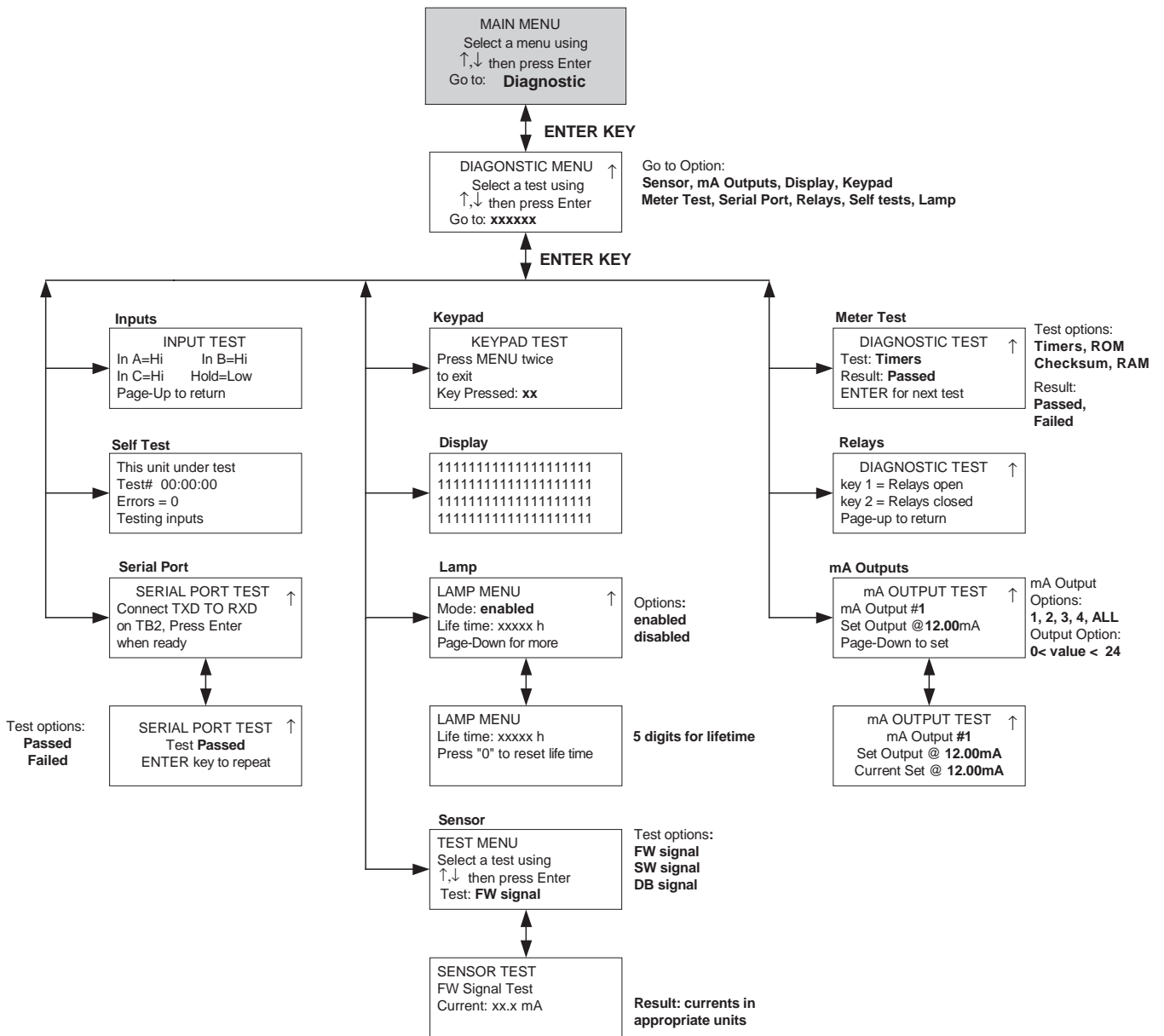
RESET MENUS



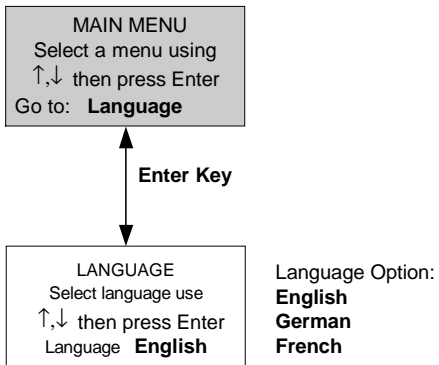
SECURITY MENUS



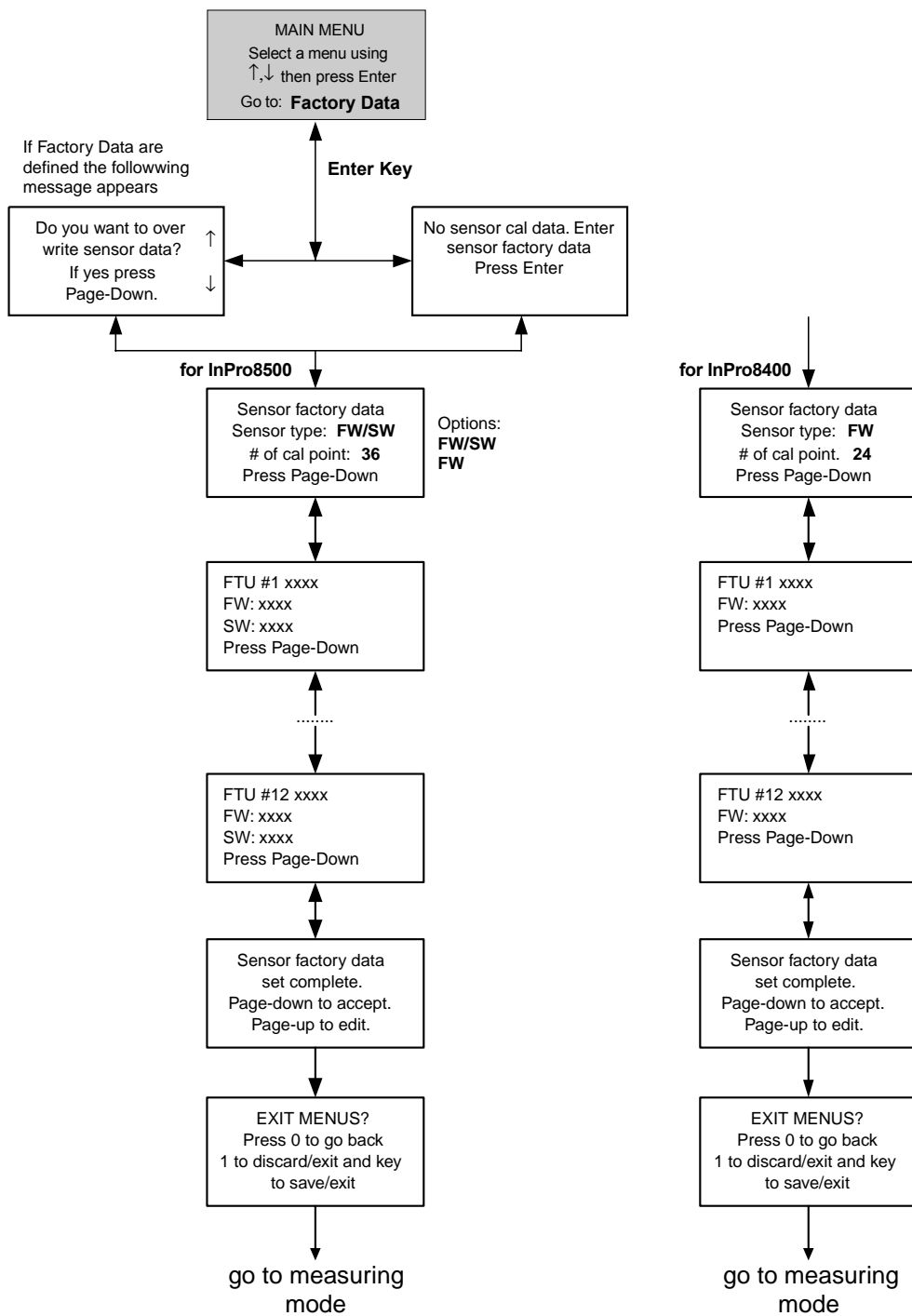
DIAGNOSTICS MENUS



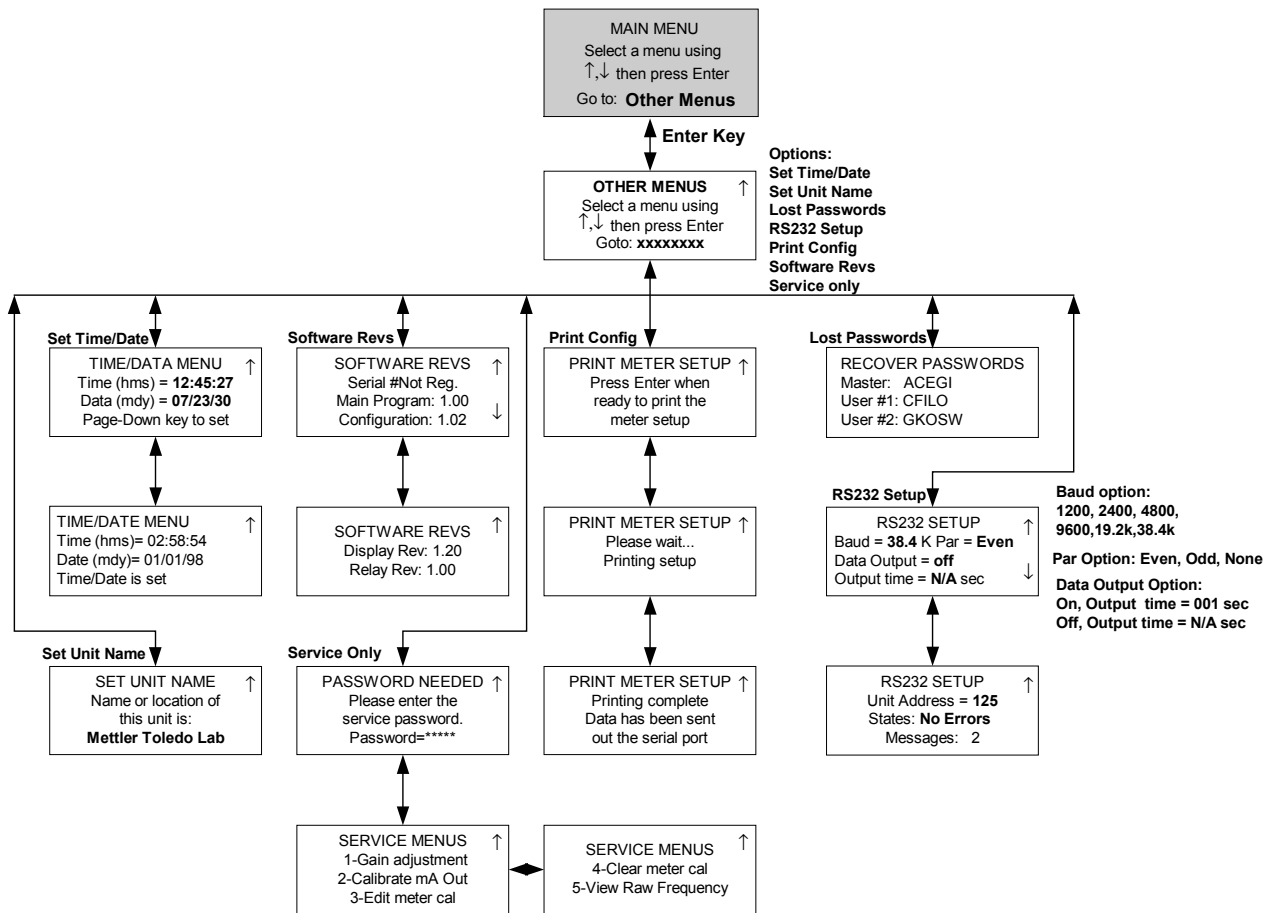
LANGUAGE MENUS



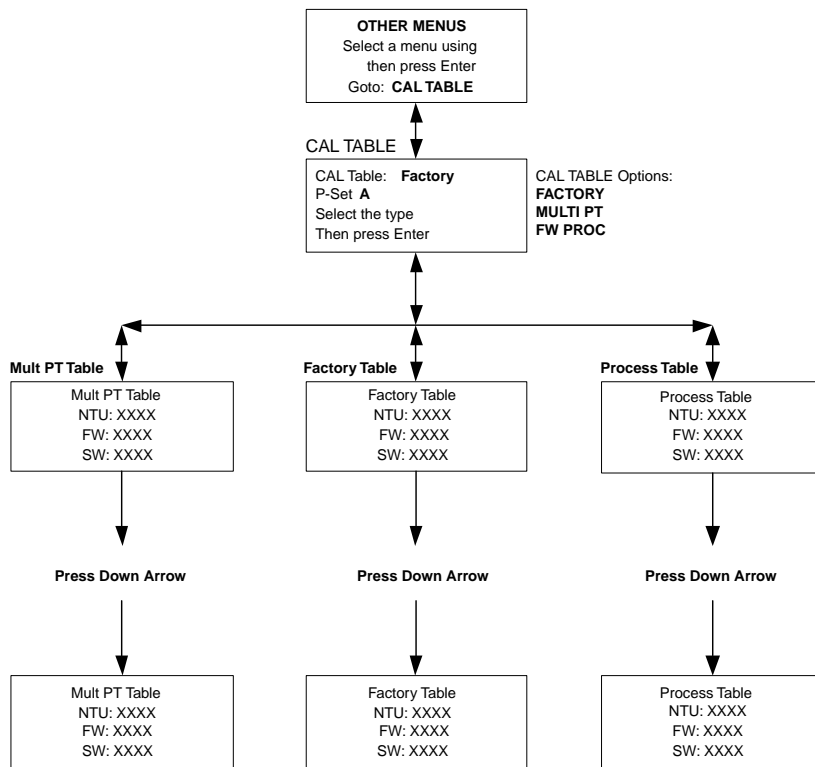
FACTORY DATA MENUS



OTHER MENUS (1/2)



OTHER MENUS (2/2)



APPENDIX B: SET-UP PARAMETER RECORD

MEASUREMENT PARAMETERS RECORD 1/2

Photocopy this form for each Parameter Set programmed into the Trb 8300 F/S.

Unit Name: _____ **Date:** _____

Sensor installed:

Model: _____ S/N: _____

Cable length: _____

Parameter Set: _____

Units: _____ Name: _____

Calibration routine: _____ Calibration solution: _____

Date of last calibration: _____

Analog Output 1

Output Type: _____ Range: _____

On failure set output to 22 mA: _____

Analog Output 2

Output Type: _____ Range: _____

On failure set output to 22 mA: _____

Analog Output 3

Output Type: _____ Range: _____

On failure set output to 22 mA: _____

Analog Output 4

Output Type: _____ Range: _____

On failure set output to 22 mA: _____

Filter: _____ **HOLD mode:** _____

Limit Value 1:

Value: _____ Delay: _____

Hysteresis: _____ Setpoint : _____

State: _____

Limit Value 2

Value: _____ Delay: _____

Hysteresis: _____ Setpoint : _____

State: _____

MEASUREMENT PARAMETERS RECORD 2/2

Wash contact:

Interval: _____ Wash time: _____

State: _____

Alarm:

Delay: _____ State: _____

Use alarm if mA outputs are under/over range: _____

Passwords

Master: _____ User1: _____

User2: _____

Language: _____

RS232 Settings

Baud: _____ Parity: _____

Data output: _____ Output time: _____

Unit adress: _____

APPENDIX C: SPECIFICATIONS

Power supply	100...240 VAC 25 Watts maximum, 47-63 Hz (part number 52 800 865) 20...32 VDC 25 Watts maximum (part number 52 800 866) On power loss, all stored values are retained in non-volatile memory without batteries. Clock does not run when power is off.
Sensors	1 input /output (approx. 5 VDC sensor lamp supply) for InPro8400 or InPro8500 optical sensor (forward or combined forward/sideward (90°) scattered light principle)
Measurement range	selectable between 0...400 FTU (Formazin Turbidity Units) 0...400 NTU (Nephelometric Turbidity Units) 0...100 EBC (turbidity according European Brewery Convention) 0...1000 ppm 0...1.0 g/l
Transmitter signal accuracy	≤1% of supplied photoelectric current
Repeatability of measured value	≤2%
Resolution	0.01 FTU or 1% of measured value (whatever is bigger)
Parameter Sets	Three configurable Parameter Sets (A - C), storable and retrievable via software menu or remote access via digital inputs
Digital Input	4 buffered digital inputs (0-5 V) – 1 digital input for HOLD function – 3 digital inputs for activating stored Parameter Sets A-C
System Calibration (Operating modes)	
Factory-defined calibration	Specific factory-set sensor data can be imported via RS232 interface or manually via keypad.
Process Calibration	Single-point calibration simultaneously with sampling (adjustment of offset or slope, user defined)
Multipoint Calibration	Automatic 2, 3, 4 or 5 point automatic calibration using calibration solutions or defined concentration in order to linearize the measurement curve.
Preset calibration parameter: Software reset restores calibration data to factory-set sensor data	
Password protection	Password-protected menu access for different operator levels (Master, User 1 and 2), able to be activated

Sensor diagnostics	Lamp: indication on display of length of time switched on Sensor: indication on display of the photoelectric currents for direct light, 12° forward scattered light and 90° scattered light (InPro8500 only)
Output 1-4	Four standard powered 0/4-20 mA outputs, 500 ohm load maximum, isolated from the measurement circuitry ; accuracy ± 0.05 mA, typical. Outputs are assignable to any Parameter Set with free scaling in linear, bi-linear, logarithmic or auto range format.
Alarm contact	Relay contact, mechanical SPDT, floating
Contact capacity	AC < 250 V / < 5 A DC < 30 V / < 5A
Contact function	N/C (fail-safe type)
Alarm delay	000...600 s
Wash contact	Relay contact, mechanical SPDT, floating
Contact capacity	AC < 250 V / < 5 A DC < 30 V / < 5A
Contact function	N/O or N/C
Rinsing interval	0.0 ... 999.9 h (0.0 h = cleaning function switched off)
Cleaning time	000...600 s
Limit values (2)	2 relay contacts, mechanical SPDT, floating
Contact ratings	AC < 250 V / < 5 A DC < 30 V / < 5A
Contact response	N/O or N/C
Delay	000...600 s
Switching points	hi-hi / hi-lo / lo-lo
Hysteresis	0.0...50.0%
Digital interface	For programming with factory-defined sensor calibration coefficients, updating of main program software and for printing of instrument configurations
RS232 standard	max. cable length 15 m (45 ft)
Baud rate	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19.2k and 38.4k
Parity	odd, even or none
Display	Liquid crystal display (LCD), 20 alphanumerical characters x 4 line, backlit
Keypad	20 keys, membrane type keypad
Language	software selectable: English, German, or French for menu and help texts
Diagnostic functions	Sensor Lamp mA outputs Display Keypad Meter Serial Port Relays Selftest

Data retention	Configuration and calibration data in non-battery supported, non-volatile memory
CE	
Emissions	EN 55022:1994 Class A ITE emissions
Immunity	EN 61326:1997 Measurement, Control and Laboratory Equipment EMC Requirements – Industrial Use
Safety	IEC 61010-1 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use
US UL	3111-1 Electrical Measuring and Test Equipment
CAN / CSA	C22.2, No. 1010.1
Nominal operating conditions	
Ambient temperature	-10...+55 °C (14 ... 131 °F)
Transport/Storage temp	-20...+80 °C (-4 ... 176 °F)
Relative humidity	0...80 % up to 31 °C (88 °F), decreasing linearly to 50 % at 40°C (104 °F)
Enclosure	
Alloy	ABS-PC, UV and chemically resistant
Assembly	Panel mounting, cutout 96 x 96 mm (3.78" x 3.78")1/4 DIN
Dimensions	H 125 mm, W 114 mm, L 162 mm (H 4.92", W 4.50, L 6.39")
Protection	sealed face, IP65 (Nema 4X)
Weight Approx.	0.9 kg (2 lbs.)

APPENDIX D: RATINGS



Declaration of Conformity

We,

Declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Trb 8300 F/S Transmitter

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the following European, harmonized and published standards at the date of this declaration:

Emissions:	EN 55022:1994	Class A ITE emissions
Immunity:	EN 61326:1997	Measurement, Control and Laboratory Equipment EMC Requirements – Industrial Use
Safety:	IEC 61010-1	“Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use” incorporating Amendments Nos. 1 & 2

Testing for compliance was carried out to the following specifications:

Following the provisions of the directives 89/336/EEC Electromagnetic Compatibility

Amendment to the above directive: 93/68/EEC

Low Voltage. Directive 73/23/EEC

Amendment to the above directive: 93/68/EEC

UL Recognition

Thornton Inc., 1432 Main Street, Waltham, MA 02451, USA has obtained Underwriters Laboratories' Recognition for Trb 8300 F/S Transmitters. They bear the cULUS recognition mark, signifying that the products have been evaluated to the applicable ANSI/UL and CSA Standards for use in the U.S. and Canada.

US UL	3111-1 Electrical Measuring and Test Equipment
CAN/CSA	C22.2, No. 1010.1

APPENDIX E: WARRANTY

METTLER TOLEDO guarantees the quality of materials and workmanship within a narrow range of manufacturing tolerances, so that the product purchased is free from any substantial deviations from material and manufacturing quality standards. The warranty is valid for the period of one year from date of delivery ex works. If within this warranty period, any repair or replacement should become necessary, and such cause is not due to misuse or incorrect application, please return the product, carriage paid, to your appropriate METTLER TOLEDO agency. Repair work will be carried out free of charge. Final decision on whether the defect is due to a manufacturing error or to incorrect operation of the product by the customer is made at the option of the Customer Service department of METTLER TOLEDO. After expiry of the period of warranty, faulty products will be repaired or replaced on an exchange basis against payment of the costs involved.

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